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ROYAL ASIATIC ... OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC

GANDHIJI'S WARNING TO PRINCES

Congress Executive ACCEPTS Mountbatten Plan

DRAFT RESOLUTION FOR TODAY'S A.I.C.C. MEETING

"When Present Passions Have Subsided, False Doctrine Of Two Nations Will Be Discredited"

NEW DELHI, June 13. (A.P.I.): The Congress Working Committee this evening passed a resolution accepting HMG's statement of June 3.

The Working Committee's Draft Resolution for the A.I.C.C. says that H.M.G.'s proposals of June 3, 1947 are likely to lead to the secession of of some parts of the country from India. However much this may be regretted, the A.I.C.C. accepts this possibility in the circumstance now prevailing.

Defend Her Freedom

Welcoming the decicion of the British Government to transfer power to the Indian people completely by next August, the resolution appeals to and demands of every Congressman to forget their petty differences and disputes and to stand by, vigilant, disciplined and prepared to serve the cause for India's freedom and defend it with all their strength from all who may seek to do it injury.

TEXT OF DRAFT RESOLUTION

NEW DELHI, June 13, (A.P.I.): The following is the text of the draft resolution:—"The A.I.C.C. has given careful consideration to the course of events since its last meeting in January last and, in particular, to the statements made on behalf of the British Government on February 20, 1947, and June 3 1947. The Committee approves and endorses the resolutions passed by the Working Committee during this period.

The Committee welcomes the decision of the British Government to transfer power completely to the Indian people by next August.

The Congress accepted the British Cabinet Mission's statement of 16th May 1946, as well as the subsequent interpretation thereof dated 6th December 1946, and has been acting in accordance with it in the Constituent Assembly which was constituted in terms of the Cabinet Mission's plan. That Assembly had been functioning for over six months and has not only declared its objectives to be the establishment of an independent sovereign Republic of India and a just social and economic order, but has also made considerable progress in framing the constitution for the free Inian Union on the basis of fundamental rights guaranteeing freedom and equality of opportunity to all Indians.

LEAGUE'S REFUSAL SEQUEL

In view, however, of the refusal of the Muslim League to accept the plan of 16th May and to participate in the Constituent Assembly, and further in view of the policy of the Congress that "it cannot think in terms of compelling the people in any territorial unit to remain in an Indian Union against their declared and established will". The A.I.C.C. accepts the proposals embodied in the announcement of 3rd June which have laid down a procedure for ascertaining the will of th people concerned.

The Congress has consistently upheld that the unity of India must be maintained. Ever since its inception, more than 60 years ago, the National Congress has laboured for the realization of a Free and United India, and millions of our people have suffered in this great cause. Not only the labours and sacrifices of the past two generations but the long course of India"s history and tradition bear witness to this essential unity. Geography and the mountains and the seas fashioned India as she is, and no human agency can change that shape in come in the way of her final destiny. Economic circumstances and the insistent demands of international affairs make the unity of India still more necessary. The picture of India we have learnt to cherish will remain in our minds and hearts.

The A.I.C.C. earnestly trusts that when present passions have subsided, India's problems will be viewed in their proper perspective and the false doctrine of two nations in India will be discredited and discarded by all.

A.I.C.C. ACCEPTS IT

The proposals of June 3, 1947 are likely to lead to the secession of some parts of the country from India. However much this may be regretted, the A.I.C.C. accepts this possibility, in the circumstances now prevailing.

Though freeom is at hand, the times are difficult, and the situation in India demands vigilance and a united front of all those who care for the independence of India. At this time of crisis and change, when unpatriotic an anti-social forces are trying to injure the cause of India and her people, the A.I.C.C. appeals to and demands of every Congressman and the people generally, to forget their petty differences and disputes and to stand by, vigilant, disciplined and prepared to serve the cause of India's freedom and defend it with all their strength from all who may seek to do it injury".

A.I.C.C. MEETING TODAY AT DELHI

NEW DELHI, June 13. (A.P.I.): The All-India Congress Committee is meeting at 2.30 p.m. tomorrow at the Constitution Club, New Delhi.

Jinnah's Letter To Viceroy

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 13

Lord Mountbatten, according to reports, had sent a copy of the letter he has received from Jinnah to the Congress President Acharya Kripalani. The letter relates to the League's acceptance of the June 3 plan.

According to reports Mr. Jinnah has forwarded the League's resolution to the Viceroy. In a covering letter Mr. Jinnah, it is learned, refers to the Council giving him full final powers to accept the plan. Mr. Jinnah, it is further learned, has told the Viceroy that in persuance of the authority conferred on him he accepts the plan in the final settlement of the League's claim.

The Congress Working Committee, it is learned, considered this letter today and drafted its own resolution accordingly.

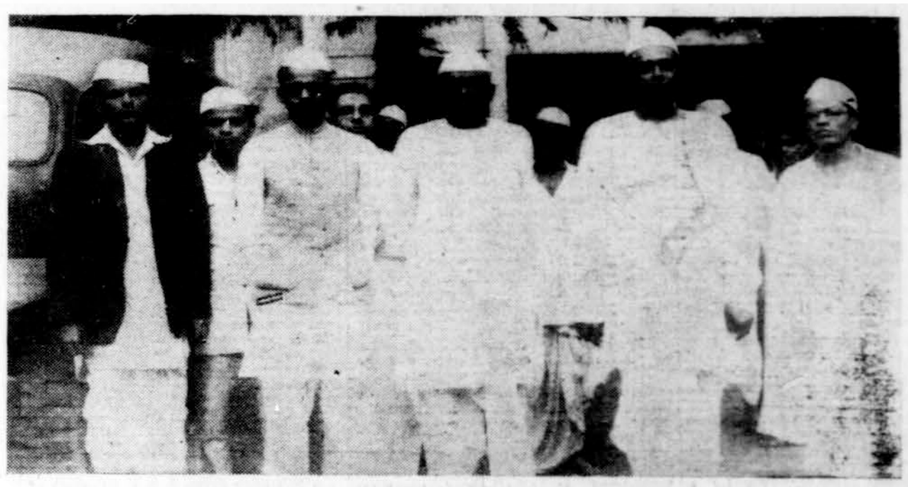
SIR N. G. AYYENGAR ON FUTURE OF STATES

If any States insist on assumig an independent status without entering even into stand-still agreements in regard to political relationship, the whole political and economic life of India is bound to be radically upset and to lead to chaos and anarchy, declared Sir M. Gopalaswamy Ayyengar, in an interview to-day. Commenting on the Nizam's 'firman' claiming the status of an independent sovereign and the Travancore Dewan's similar announcement, Sir Gopalaswamy said that geography, history, economics and social and cultural relations compelled Indian States being in the Union because of their own interests, and because in the interests of the Union they cannot be permitted to do otherwise.

NO CHANGE IN BRITISH POLICY ON STATES

LONDON, June 13 (Reuter): The declarations by Hyderabad and Travancore of their intention to become independent States in the new India have stimulated British political interest in the future of Princely States as a whole, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's Political Correspondent.

It is clear, however, that nothing has transpired in the India's constitutional situation to alter in any way the expressed policy of the British Government. This authoritatively can be summarised as follows: (1) With the transfer of power, the British Paramountcy will be relinquished; (2) Britain will not transfer paramountcy to the successor Government or Governments; (3) It is Britain's earnest desire that the Prince States shall enter either the existing Constituent Assembly, or the second Constituent Assembly to be set up. Either as individual States or as Federations of States; (4) The main preoccupation of Britain, meanwhile, is to complete the transfer of power to the projected Dominions of Hindustan and Pakistan at the earliest moment.



Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister to the Government of Bombay was felicitated on the eve of his leaving for Geneva at Hindustan Mazdoor Manzil on Thursday. Mr. Nanda (second from left) in the above group was snapped with the Secretaries of various Labour Unions.

New Leadership For Congress

Viceroy Meets Leaders Again

NEW DELHI, June 13, (A.P.I.): The Viceroy presided over a conference of the seven Indian leaders this morning.

The meeting lasted three hours. The principal topics of discussion, says a 'communique', were:—

(1) The arrangements which should be made to ensure continuity of liaison with the Indian States and to avoid administrative disorganisation when paramountcy lapses;

(2) The setting up of boundary commissions for the Punjab Bengal and Sylhet; and

(3) The setting up of a tribunal when the time comes, which will have the duty of final arbitration in such cases relating to partition as may be referred to them in the event of a difference of opinion between the parties.

Viceroy In Simla

SIMLA, June 13 (API).—The Viceroy and Lady Mountbatten arrived in Simla this evening. They were received on arrival by Khan Bahadur Sheikh Fazal Illahi, Deputy Commissioner, Simla.

Transvaal Congress Victory

CAPETOWN, June 13 (Reuter): Application by the Transvaal Indian Congress for an order restraining the holding of the Executive Committee meeting of the South African Indian Congress was granted by the Acting Justice, Mr. Herbstein in the considered judgment of the Supreme Court to-day.

The Court's order read that the Cape Indian Congress and Ismail Barmania and Palsania were restrained from holding any meeting of the Executive of the S. A. I. C. at which duly authorised delegates of the T. I. C. were not allowed to attend. The Cape Indian Congress and Ismail Barmania and Palsania were ordered to pay the costs of the proceedings.

LAHORE, June 13, (A. P. I.): The railwaymen who were on strike at Rohri have returned to work unconditionally says an announcement from the N.-W. R. Headquarters.

BEST BRAINS OF INDIA BEING RALLIED

BY D. F. KARAKA.

NEW DELHI, June 13

Whatever victory Muslim League may have scored over Congress, whatever territory may be dismembered to form the new state of Pakistan, make no mistake that what will be left will still be India and will be called by that name. There is a goodwill value attached to the name of India in world abroad which men like Pt. Jawaharlal are unwilling to forego. There has been much heated discussion on this point but it is confidently expected that before the A.I.C.C. disperses it will have voted for Dominion of India and not Dominion of Hindustan.

It is not however the division of territory with which I am concerned so much as with the division of the minds of men. During the last year, a communal bitterness has set in which is without parallel in our history. I once hoped that it would never touch the Services but it has. The prospect of individual gains has influenced many a young man in taking a political decision with which he would normally have not been concerned.

CONGRESS LEADERSHIP

Ten days after the broadcasts, Congress is the first to realise the full implication of what has actually taken place. There will be no going back however. The leadership of Congress to-day is a blending of Jawaharlal and Vallabhbhai. The idealist outlook of the Mahatma will be bypassed.

Ex-Minister Nurie whom I saw with a sad face in the lobby of the Imperial Hotel indicated the plight of Nationalist Muslims. Mr. Nurie said that some voice would be raised in protest at the A.I.C.C. but it would be ineffective.

There are clear signs that when British have quitted, there will be a new alignment of parties replacing the present Congress which will have no more reason to continue in its present form. Also a new outlook is being evidence in high Congress circles who realise that Congress will have to go beyond party to face new problems and new situation. Changes will soon be seen in the personnel who are now conducting the nation's affairs merely because they were senior party men.

ASAF ALI MAY BE RECALLED

I confidently expect that Ambassador Asaf Ali will be recalled. Likewise, it is most unlikely that the choice of Indian Ambassador to Russia will fall on Mrs. Pandit. Top class men are coming to forefront who have not necessarily been in Congress.

Among others, Dr. Ambedkar is being tipped for Governorship. Sir Mirza Ismail is spoken of as another possible choice as Governor, possibly of Madras. Sir Gopalaswami Iyenger cannot be spared from the valuable work he is now doing. But if he could be spared there would be nothing too big for him. The best brains of India are now being rallied irrespective of party bias.

STALEMATE IN SECRETARIAT

Meanwhile, there is complete stalemate in the Secretariat where departments have been issued with the directive that they should merely prevent themselves from "rusting."

How long the common people of the country who are faced with four and half million ton food shortage and 800 million yard cloth shortage will stand the strain, it is difficult to tell.

The mood of the Capital is sombre. There are no flags flying here except one of green with a Crescent which flutters over 10 Aurangzeb Road where Mr. Jinnah resides.

Deadlier Than Atom Bomb

LONDON, June 13 (Reuter): Researches into two new forms of warfare, probably more deadly than the atom bomb, are now taking place in Britain. They are radio-active "cloud" and the bacteriological bomb.

Bacteriological research is taking place at a special station in southern England where nearly 200 technicians are employed.

Well-informed sources in London giving this information to-day, said: "The United States now has a small number of bacteriological bombs ready. These are in addition to the new type of atomic bombs in store—believed to be more than 100.

The plant at Chalk River, Canada, could, it is assumed to provide deadly radio-active substances needed for "atomic cloud" warfare. These substances are available in discharges from atomic piles which produce "ingredients" for atomic energy already working there.

Another source of these radio-active substances is the British atomic energy establishment at Harwell, Berkshire.

Work is also going ahead in Britain and Australia on the development of guided projectiles.

There is a station for this work in Buckinghamshire. British effort is directed towards improving the propulsive force of the rocket. Only small experimental types are being fired in this country they are sent far out into the Atlantic.

Firing of major rocket units takes place in Australia where the work is handled by an organisation, headed by Lieutenant-General J. F. Evitts, known as Long-Range Weapons' Organisation.

Informed observers here begin to see in these developments what might be a new conception of British global strategy.

Two Food Ships Reach Bombay

BOMBAY, Friday: S. S. Michael Kerr' carrying 9,731 tons of wheat, including 5,000 tons for Bombay, arrived in the harbour to-day.

Approximately 8,775 tons of American milo also arrived to-day by s.s. 'Temple Victory.' The allocation is as follows: C. P. 4,500 tons, Gwalior 500 tons and Central India States 3,775 tons.

BURMA CONSEMBLY PRESIDENT

RANGOON, June 13. (Reuter): Thakin Nu, Vice-President of the Anti-Fascist Peoples Freedom League, was unanimously elected President of the Burmese Constituent Assembly today.

He was proposed by U. Aung San and seconded by Shan Sawbwa, Ruler of Yawnahwe.

Thirtynine-year old Thakin Nu, who has been associated with the A.-F. P. F. L. since its inception, is widely regarded as U. Aung San's right-hand man.

A graduate of the Rangoon University, Thakin Nu started his political career in 1930 as a member of the 'Dobama' (Burma for Burmans) Party He served as Foreign Minister during the wartime "Free Burma" Government headed by Dr. Ba Maw, and took a leading part in the anti-Japanese resistance movement.

MADRAS, June 13, (A. P. A.): Prime Minister O. P. Ramaswamy Reddiar today warned striking Buckingham and Carnatic mill workers that if they did not resume work they "stand the risk of being replaced by others."

STOP PRESS

"CONSEMBLY DAY" ARRESTS AT TRIVANDRUM

TRIVANDRUM, June 13 (API).—In all seven members of the State Congress were taken into custody this afternoon in Trivandrum and a few other centres in the State for defiance of the magisterial ban on the holding of meetings and demonstrations in celebration of "Constituent Assembly Day".

MOSCOW ON TRUMAN'S 'PLOT'

LONDON, June 13 (UPA).—Radio Moscow told its Russian listeners today that President Truman's visit to Canada was part of a carefully designed plot to take the dominion away from Britain.

People's Voice Cannot Be Ignored

Rulers "Would Cease To Be" If They Refused To Enter Consembly

NEW DELHI, JUNE 13 (API).—ADDRESSING TODAY'S POST-PRAYER MEETING MAHATMA GANDHI APPEALED TO THE PRINCES TO COME INTO THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY—HE DID NOT MIND WHICH IT WAS. INDIA WAS BEING PARTITIONED BECAUSE OF HINDU-MUSLIM QUARRELS. LET NOT THE PRINCES ATTEMPT TO CREATE FURTHER SEPARATISM, HE DECLARED.

Mahatma Gandhi referred to the reported decision of Travancore to declare itself an independent State on August 15 and said that evidently Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer was quite content for Travancore to remain in India so long as the British King was Emperor, but the moment the power passed into Indian hands, he wanted Travancore not to join the Union of India. That position he said was amazing and wholly unworthy of any State and what applied to Travancore applied equally to Hyderabad. If the British were going to be a party to such conduct, he added it would be to their lasting shame and hoped that they would act on the square.

Times had changed, Mahatma Gandhi continued and if the Princes did not take time by the forelock, they would cease to be. The Congress had no desire to annihilate them but the Princes could not afford to disregard that great organisation which represented the people in the States as it sought to represent the Princes.

RAMASWAMI IYER DENIES IT

TRIVANDRUM, June 13 (A.P.I.)—Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer, Dewan of Travancore, in the course of a telegram to Mahatma Gandhi says:

"I have just heard over the radio with surprise and regret a statement by you at your prayer meeting that I asked persons who did not accept the independent status of Travancore to leave the State. Such a statement was never made, and could never have been made, by me. On the other hand I asked opponents openly to state opinions. You are aware that Travancore was willing to come into the Constituent Assembly of a United India, but it decided that if there are to be two independent sovereign States in India Travancore, which had never been conquered during many centuries, with its tradition of independence in the past, could also maintain an independent status while working in the closest co-operation with the rest of India and entering into necessary agreements and treaties on matters of common concern as she has been doing even within the past few weeks

INDIA SHOULD REMAIN IN COMMONWEALTH

British Foreign Secretary's Plea

LONDON, June 13, (Reuter): Mr. Ernest Bevin, at a Foreign Press Association lunch in London today, where he was the guest speaker, said: "This country looks with confidence to the new era in their relations with the people of India. Whatever may have been said about British Imperialism in the past, I must claim that our civilising influence in that part of the world has been of tremendous benefit"

Mr. Bevin continued: 'Now and again we get statesmen who like to revive the bogey of British aggression and British imperialism. I wish that such people would live longer in this country and not be too obsessed by the history books of the past. The task that has fallen to Great Britain, since the war, has been to evolve a growing recognition of collaboration and growing benefits between the countries of the Commonwalth and a new conception of the value of the word "Commonwealth" and what it means to have a large number of independent associated states making and contributing to world peace".

"In spite of defeats and retreats under difficulties we had in the war, Great Britain has been the one country in the world that has returned to her possession without civil war and without very much resistance", Mr. Bevin said: "She has returned to these territories taking with her the recognition of the growing aspirations of the people within them and she has come back with new constitutions in recognition of that development. Instead of separating from us these territories have remained with us. I believe that by remaining within the Commonwealth they will represent something vital which will contribute ultimately to organisation of world security and world peace".

U.S. AID TO EUROPE

Mr. Bevn said that the United States Secretary of State's speech at Harward advocating large-scale dollar aid to Europe "may well rank as one of the greatest speeches in world history. The United Stat throws a bridge to link East and West. It is disastrous for ideological or any other reasons to frustrate the United States in that endeavour".

"We in this country are exploring actively and urgently how best to respond to this lead. We have decided to consult France and other European nations to see how best we can take advantage of this great proposal of the United States.

KRISHNA MENON FOR BOMBAY

NEW DELHI, June 13, (API): Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon is leaving for Bombay by air on Sunday morning for a short visit.

ARMED ATTACK ON RATION CAR

CALCUTTA, June 13, (A.P.I): A Bengal Government press note on the Calcutta situation issued at 9-30 p.m. says:

Reports of six stray assaults were received today from some parts of the city.

The Muchipara Police Station reported a serious case of armed attack on a ration shop car. On being chased the assailants opened fire on the public, injuring some persons. The miscreants are reported to have taken cash to the value of about Rs. 8,000/-. It is not yet known whether this incident had any communal complexion.

Today's casualty figures, according to reports received so far are: hree dead seven injured Howrah continued quiet.

60-HOUR CURFEW IN LAHORE

LAHORE, June 13, (A.P.I.): Sixty-hour curfew has been imposed by the District Magistrate Lahore in the Mozang Police Station area following a number of arson cases reported from the locality.

The curfew will be from 6 p.m. today upto 6 a.m. on Monday.

EXPLOSION IN RAWALPINDI

RAWALPINDI, June 13 (A.P.I.): Four persons including an eight-year old girl were killed in an explosion today in Mohalla Berradari in the interior of the city. The Police immediately appeared on he scene and investigations are proceeding.

(See Page 7)

SANTIAGO (CHILE), June 13, (A. P. A.): The Chilean Government today proclaimed a thirty-day state of emergency in Santiago after a gun battle between military guards and striking bus operators during which three persons were reported killed and a number injured.

The decree meant in effect that the military authorities would be in charge for the duration of the emergency.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.

NEW YORK, June 13

Previous Closing	30.90
Today's Opening	30.88
Difference	—6
Today's Closing	30.97
Difference	+7

The New York Cotton Market will remain closed on Saturdays up till August, 1947.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, June 13.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining 34-1/8.
General Motors 66-1/4.
United States Steel Corporation 69-1/4.
United States Steel [illegible]
(Reuter).

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PHILIPPINE GOLD FOR WORLD FREE MARKET THROUGH LONDON

LONDON, June 12 (Reuter): No surprise was expressed in London today at the news that the first postwar deliveries of gold bullion produced in the Philippines, reported to be worth 600,000 Philippines pesos (75,000 sterling) have reached Manila for consignment in London, writes Sydney Campbell, Reuter's Financial Editor.

It was taken for granted that this gold is to be sold through London on the world free market against dollars. Since the Philippines are regarded as a special case—because of their great rehabilitation needs and the obligation which the United States Congress has recognised in that respect—this was not regarded as having any appreciable bearing on the question of free market in gold from South Africa and other big producing countries.

No very large premium over the United States official price of 35 dollars per ounce was expected to be obtained for this Philippine gold

MEXICAN GOLD

Mexican gold coins on the free market fetch rather less than the equivalent of 40 dollars an ounce and Philippine or other gold in bar form would be worth a shade less since operation in the Middle East which is now the main market for free gold against dollars, prefer coin as being far more convenient than bars. Mexican gold bars in the New York free market "for export are worth about 38-1/2 to 39 dollars an ounce. London with its longer and closer bullion connections with the Middle East might be able to get slightly more than New York for Philippine gold but probably only by a matter of cents.

BRITISH ACTION

The British authorities do not allow gold to be exported at a higher than the official price against payment in sterling for entrepot trade Britain prefers to earn dollars, while for any other trade quoting gold at a premium in sterling amounts to devaluation of sterling which is anathema to the British authorities. They do not however object to entrepot trade against payment in dollars.

The Bank of England knows nothing of the Philippine consignments but this is natural at this stage. Whether imported for safe deposits for further processing or in transit to a third country outside the Sterling area, gold needs no import licence. The Bank would only hear of it when the export licence was applied for.

PHILIPPINE GOLD OUTPUT

It has been known since February that the Philippine Government favoured free gold export at the best obtainable price to help rehabilitate the Philippine gold-mining industry which at that time was virtually incapacitated by war damage. Prewar, Philippine was a big gold producer to the extent of more than 40,000,000 dollars worth a year (equal to more than a million ounces of gold). It was claimed in February that some Philippine mines which because of higher postwar costs, could not work economically at the official price of 35 dollars an ounce, could resume big production at a moderately higher price.

The smaller the premium obtained on free market the smaller will be the inducement to restore big output. If sales of Philippine gold did begin to approach the Philippine output the whole position would have to be reconsidered.

If free market in Philippine gold did become big—the quantity at present mentioned is still quite small—it might usefully clarify the whole question of free gold market. It is generally accepted that free markets are too small to absorb any substantial quantity.

Kalakshetra Artistes' Recital

Under the auspices of Sri Shanmukhananda Fine Arts Society, the Kalakshetra artistes, Smtis. Anjali Hora, Sharda and Lalitha, gave a Bharat Natya recital on Thursday at Matunga. One noteworthy feature of the recital was that items like "Alarippu" and "Thillana" were done for the first time as group dances instead of solos. Three girls participating in these items added colour and gaiety to the beauty of presentation, which was more lively and spectacular than solo. Smti. Sharda exhibited the crescendo of quick movements in Jathiswaram, while Smti. Anjali Hora and Smti. Lalitha executed "Varnam" with remarkable skill, both in its interpretational and "Nritta" aspects. The "Abhinaya" items seem to have been completely revised by Rukmini Devi and contained many classic songs from old masters. They were in marked contrast to the cheap varieties to which we are accustomed. Their presentation in solos and groups by the Kalakshetra artistes was an interpretational highlight, giving flesh and form to the spirit of the composers. The "Thillana" in Nata Bhairavi was a fine piece of new dance composition by Rukmini Devi, and was ably presented by the three girls with precise movements, synchronised foot-work and sculpturesque poses. The orchestra was in the able hands of Smti. Kamala Rani and Master Pasupathi, whose songs were a treat. What is of special interest to Bombay dance enthusiasts is the emergence of Smti. Anjali Hora as a full-blooded Bharat Natya artiste. After years of study under Rukmini Devi, she has become a finished artiste, and her remarkable performance is not only eloquent of her skill and adaptability, but also of the high quality of dance training in Kalakshetra. She will prove an asset to Bombay if she opens a 'Kalakshetra' branch here to advance the cause of Bharatnatya.

K. A. C.

TOWN DUTY ON BUTTER CONDEMNED

The Butter Merchants' Association, Bombay, whose members deal in loose Khandesh and Belgaum butter, has written to the Chairman, Standing Committee, and the Municipal Commissioner, Bombay, protesting against the imposition of an iniquitous and unjust Town Duty at the rate of 6-1/4 per cent on the product by classifying it as a 'Tinned provision', while the duty on ghee and even ghee substitutes (such as 'vegetable product') is fixed at Re. 1/- per quarter This duty, the merchants point out, will create an unfair competition between one kind of ghee and another. If the matter is not favourably decided by the Bombay Municipality early, the merchants intend to seek a legal remedy, as they are daily required to pay up heavy sums of money by way of such duty.

Alternative To Atom Bomb

Scientists Working Under Top Secret Orders

AUCKLAND (New Zealand), June 13 (Reuter): Scientists in New Zealand, Britain and the United States are still working under top secret orders on an alternative to the atom bomb, for the development of which Professor Thomas Leach, Dean of the Faculty of Engineering at the Auckland University College, was yesterday made a Companion of the British Empire.

Few of the researches know the object of their work, and even today, only a few people in Britain, the United States Australia and New Zealand are aware of the full implications of the method of warfare made possible by their discoveries.

The research centre was established here on the order of the High Commands of Britain and the United States because of the danger of spies in Florida, the originally suggested centre.

The weapon, which was suggested to the military authorities by a resident of Wellington (New Zealander), in 1943, is understood to have a variety of uses, but is said to be not as dangerous to the world as the atom bomb since it is more controllable.

CHARLES CHAPLIN'S DEPORTATION DEMANDED

His Hollywood Life Is "Detrimental To America"

WASHINGTON, June 13. (Reuter): A demand for the deportation of the world famous film star, Charles Chaplin, to Britain was made in the United States House of representatives yesterday by Mr. John Rankin, Democrat of Mississippi, who said that Chaplin's hollywood life "is deterimental to the normal frabic of America.".

Mr. Rankin added: "He has refused to become an American citizen and by deporting him he can be kept off the American screen and his loathsome pictures can be kept from the eyes of American youth."

Charles Chaplin went to the United States from London in 1910

Replying to Mr. Rankin's remark Chaplin in a statement in Hollywood said: "This type of procedure is the usual Fascist technique in trying to suppress free speech and free expression through the medium of motion pictures."

Mr. Rankin is a former chairman of the House Un-American Activities Committee

The "New York Daily News" reported from Washington that Chaplin, Edward G. Robinson and a Hollywood writer Dorthy Parker would be subpoenaed by the House Unamerican Committee to answer charges concerning alleged Communistic activities in Hollywood.

The Committee will begin investigations on September 16.

LONDON, June 12 (Reuter): Britain's willingness in principle to transfer the Turtle Islands lying between the Philippines and North Borneo, to the administration of the Philippine Republic in accordance with the Anglo-United States agreement of 1930 has been re-affirmed in the recent talks between the British Government and Mr. Elpidio Quirino, the Philippine Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister. It was authoritatively stated tonight.

II—PRACTISE HOMOEOPATHY—II

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The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Team-Work Importance In Team Games

BY J. C. MAITRA.

I have frequently noticed that most players, their club managers and supporters forget that team-work is of the utmost importance in team games. I am now particularly referring to soccer in this article. We often see even at the Cooperage, where only "first-class" matches are played, players changing their places and positions in the midst of a contest. If a player is injured on the field, there is no other alternative. But in every other case, it is a bad policy to resort to such a practice.

Suppose you transfer a player from his usual position in the team to an unaccustomed one, he is bound to fail. Just as you cannot fit in a square peg in a round hole.

TRAINING OF PLAYERS

Then his immediate colleagues suffer on account of his ineptitude. The combination is disorganised. And if the position be a vital one like the centre-half of the centre-forward, the whole super-structure may be ruined and all the attacking and defensive movements may be spoilt.

So it is imperative that, as players need to be trained for special or particular positions in the team for which they are temperamentally and physically fitted, they should be always given those positions. Then only it is possible for them to give of their best.

At the same time combinations should be formed between players, especially neighbours, so that they understand each others game thoroughly. Only then they may hope to dodge and dupe their opponents cleverly.

TEAM-BUILDING

The building of a team is a difficult job—more so when the field of selection is exceedingly limited. Therefore it is necessary that when a combination has been formed, it should not be broken up lightly. For instance, it would be foolish to tear off the combination between Mandon and Papen of Tatas, or Manuel and Rathnam of Trades in the deep defence. A separation would make even their custodians shaky, let alone the partners. Similarly in the attacking or intermediate lines, if regular associates are removed or separated, neither the one nor the other can function properly. If Bhimrao and Parab of Trades play together they can be irresistible. Separately placed, they are not so useful individually.

DISCARD SELFISHNESS

Every effort should therefore be made to strengthen partnerships and solidify the team as a whole. If vacancies have to be filled up, it should be done without disturbing strong partnerships as far as possible and substitutes should be found to suit the vacant billets as well as it can be done. They only the team-work would be effective.

Another point which I would like to stress here is passing. Many players forget—perhaps the stars are more guilty in this respect than others—that there are other players in the team besides themselves. So it is almost a crime to deprive their colleagues of their share of the play and its spoils. Selfishness in every form deserves our condemnation. So Dhanukuram play the game henceforth—and for your team. And stick to your place too.

GOVERNOR'S TRIBUTE TO CRICKET CLUB

"Second To None In International Sporting Sphere"

BOMBAY, Friday: The Cricket Club of India, like the M.C.C. in England, could hold its head high as second to none in the international sporting sphere, observed Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, unveiling a portrait of Mr. A. A. Jasdenvala at the Club pavilion this evening. This proud position which the Club enjoyed, added the Governor, was in no small measure due to the valuable service done by Mr. Jasdenvala during the seven years of his secretaryship of this great sporting institution.

Sir John Colville also referred to Mr. Jasdenvala's spirit of public service in striving to promote communal harmony during his tenure of office as the Sheriff of Bombay. He also complemented the Club for opening its doors to the fighting forces during the war.

Sir Homi Mody, who presided over the function, paid a warm tribute to Mr. Jasdenvala's persevering efforts to stabilise the financial position of the Club.

Mr. Jasdenvala, thanking for the great honour done to him, said that whatever little he could achieve during his secretaryship was due to the unstinted support of the President and members of the Club.

Mr. Jasdenvala was also presented with an address in a silver casket.

Weather News For Farmers

Forecast till the morning of 15-6-47: Rainfall will be fairly widespread and light or moderate in the south Konkanpatti and local in the north Konkanpatti. A few light showers are also likely in the Bombay Karnatak, Desh, South Mawal, Marathwada and Hyderabad Karnatak.

Outlook for subsequent 2 days: Rainfall will slightly increase in the Konkanpatti.

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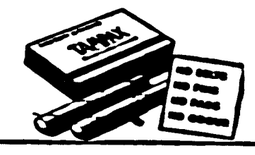

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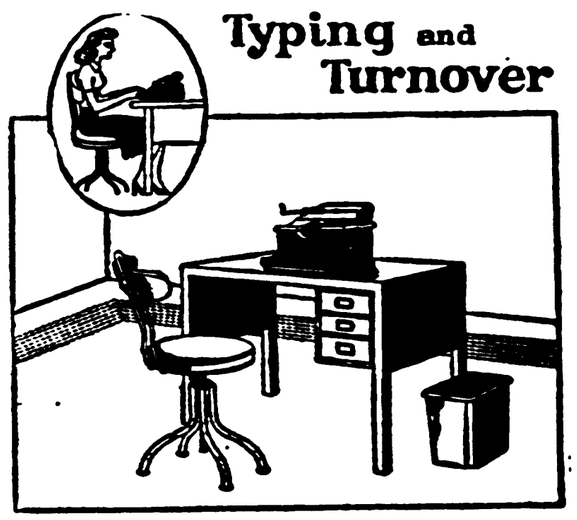

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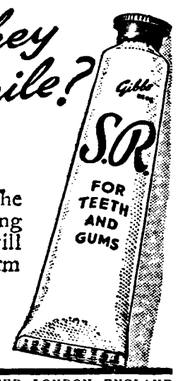

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"Be Ready" Directive To States People

Standing Committee Condemns Repression In Kashmir

NEW DELHI, June 13. (API): A directive to the people of the Indian States to be vigilant and be prepared to rall contingencies as certain states were increasing their forces is contained in a resolution which the Standing Committee of the States' People's Conference adopted this morning. The resolution says: "It has come to the knowledge of the Standing Committee that some states are increasing their armed forces and in particular smuggling in arms and ammunition is being carried on This can only mean that the states concerned are harbouring certain designs which they wish to enforce by force of arms against their people. The Committee wish to draw the attention of the Government of India to this smuggling and armed preparations which are against the law. Further the Committee asks the people of the states to be vigilant and be prepared for all contingencies.

The Committee today also adopted resolutions on Kashmir, Mysore, Bhopal and eastern states and Constituent Assembly.

The resolution on Kashmir condemned the repressive policy in the state, demanded the release of Sheikh Abdullah and other political prisoners and the restoration of civil liberties in the state.

In regard to Bhopal the Committee noted with sorrow and resentment the reactionary policy pursued by the Bhopal Government in spite of the fact that it was the Ruler of Bhopal who, as the then Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes has on January 18, 1947 sent round a circular urging the recognition by the princes of fundamental rights and the early establishment of Government in their states."

KASHMIR REPRESSION CONDEMNED

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The resolution further stated that it was clear that Bhopal had not so far sent its representative to the Constituent Assembly and the Nawab intended to declare his independence on the termination of paramountcy without joining the Indian Union. Such an attitude of isolation was not consistent with the interests of the State and was wholly opposed to the wishes of the vast majority of its population. The Committee expressed the hope that even at this stage the Nawab would see the wisdom of participating in the Constituent Assembly's work and join the Indian Union.

EASTERN STATES AND CONSEMBLY

By another resolution the Committee condemned certain Eastern States which ignored the election procedure to the Constituent Assembly and for deviating from the principles agreed upon by the two Negotiating Committees. The voters lists were not published at the specified date and later on the entire procedure was hustled through with the result that popular candidates had been shut out. In the case of Bastar State the list was not published before June 4 while nominations had to be filed on May 24.

The Committee passed the following resolution on Kashmir: "This meeting of the Standing Committee of the A.I.S.P.C. expresses its deep concern over the continued policy of ruthless repression in Kashmir by Government. For the last more than a year untold sufferings have been borne by the gallant people of Kashmir who have faced the State repression with commendable fortitude and valour. It is highly regrettable, however, that the State Government has not changed its attitude towards the people in spite of the rapidly changing conditions in the country. The Standing Committee in this connection views the fresh wave of repression which has been launched by the State Government against the people soon after the Congress President, Acharya Kripalani had left the State, with indignation and surprise. The Committee has noted that during the last one year, the Kashmir Government has invariably intensified its repressive policies whenever any notable popular Indian leader has visited the State. These vindictive tactics are highly condemnable and in the opinion of this Committee they are bound to react unfavourably against the State authorities.

"POLICY TO IMPOVERISHED POOR".

The way in which the punitive tax amounting to about three lacs of rupees in Srinagar city alone is being forcibly collected to-day is most reprehensible. The whole state machinery including its military forces are going from house to house and using foul and shabby methods in extracting money out of poor people by attaching their properties. Along with this a systematic policy to further impoverish the poor inhabitants of Kashmir, is being relentlessly pursued by the Kashmir Government with the result that all trades and other means by which the people used to earn their living are at a standstill. On the top of this, the prices of food grains and other necessaries of life are deliberately maintained at a very high level and perpetual conditions of famine in spite of bumper crops last year are facing the semi-starved people in the country.

The Committee notes with great concern the vindictive treatment that the Kashmir Government is meeting out to political prisoners and detenus, most of whom have been lodged in far-flung fortress prisons situated in hot, waterless and malaria-infested areas of the State. Most of the detenus and political prisoners in various State jails are suffering from ailments caused by such conditions and no proper medical aid is being made available to them.

"GALLANT RESISTANCE"

All this is being obviously done to terrorise the people into submission. But the Committee is sure that the Kashmir Government will signally fail in its attempts at frightfulness and suppression of people's legitimate aspirations and this confidence is borne out by the gallant resistance of the Kashmir people themselves.

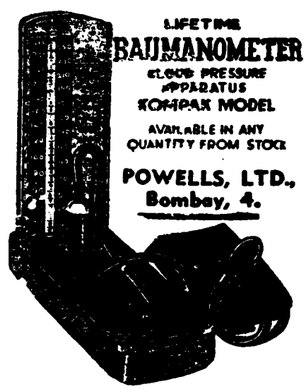
The Committee has repeatedly been noting for the last 13 months that the State Government and some other reactionary elements, there have from time to time attempted to confuse public opinion by declaring that the Kashmir struggle for responsible Government and people's sovereignty, does not have the support of the A.I.S.P.C. though the Conference has made its position quite clear in several of its resolutions last year. To remove such misrepresentation this Committee once more declares with all emphasis at its command, that the Kashmir movement for responsible Government has all the support of the organisation at its back and objectives of the Kashmir National Conference are strictly in accordance with the objectives of the A.I.S.P.C.

The Committee even at this stage trusts that better sense will prevail with the Kashmir authorities and they will without resorting to further atrocities release Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah, the President of the A.I.S.P.C. and all the other leaders and workers of the National Conference unconditionally and restore to the Kashmir people, the civil liberties which do not simply exist in the State to-day.

MYSORE SITUATION

In regard to the situation in Mysore the resolution said:—"This Committee views with concern the continued delay on the part of the Mysore Durbar in implementing its original declaration made as early as October 1946 in favour of participation in the work of the Indian Constituent Assembly and in needlessly coming in the way of the people's representatives contributing their just share to the framing of the Constitution of the Indian Union, while the representatives of many other States have already begun to take part in the work of the Constituent Assembly. The Committee notes with equal concern the extremely tardy manner in which the Dewan has been proceeding to implement the message of His Highness the Maharaja given to his people on the 8th January 1947 in the matter of making proposals for constitutional reforms none of which have so far taken any definite shape despite the clarification sought by the President of the Mysore Congress at interviews he had with the Dewan. The Mysore Congress which has decided on the launching of a struggle for the realisation of both of its demands in the matter of (1) Mysore's participating in the work of the Constituent Assembly and joining the Indian Union and (2) of the immediate establishment of responsible Government, the convening of a Constituent Assembly of the chosen representatives of the people of the State for the purpose of framing a constitution on that basis and the formation of an Interim Government composed of persons enjoying the confidence of the Legislature, has shown commendable reasonableness in postponing the struggle for the while in view of the negotiations between the Mysore Congress and the Government. Now that the excuse put forward by the Government that there was propriety in awaiting H. M. G.'s proposals of June 1947 before coming to final decisions, no longer holds good, there could be no reason for any further delay in meeting the demands of the people. Delay and indecision on the part of the authorities have the same effect as a denial of the demands. Mysore being a Premier State was justly expected to lead the other States in these directions. It is yet not too late to retrieve its position.

The Standing Committee calls upon the Mysore Durbar to take immediate steps to meet the demands of the people of the State and to obviate their resorting to 'satyagraha' for the realisation of their objectives which would become inevitable if the Government chooses to persist in its dilatory tactics.



Kashmir Too To Be Independent?

(From Our Correspondent)

SRINAGAR, June 13: "Kashmir is to have a strong air force consisting of bombers. After the Maharaja's consultation with the Viceroy during his visit to Kashmir on the 18th, it is reported, will declare Kashmir an Independent State. Revealing the above news, the local weekly "Kashmir" says: The Maharaja visited the aerodrome in this connection where two planes have already arrived."

Begum Abdulla has requested Mahatma Gandhi to be the guest of the National Conference during his visit to Kashmir which is expected in the last week of June.

GWALIOR'S CONSEMBLY MEMBERS

GWALIOR, June 13, (UPI): The election of the Gwalior representatives to the Constituent Assembly will take place on June 19 next.

Among the four representatives from Gwalior one has already been nominated by the Ruler, namely, the Prime Minister, Mr. Srinivasan, who has already taken his seat in the Constituent Assembly. Among the other three seats one will be the Government representative though the elected and the other two will be the people's representatives.

The Gwalior State Praj Mandal has nominated two candidates, namely Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya, President of the Central Indian Regional States' People's Council and Mr Baburam Sahay Saxena, leader of the Opposition in the Legislative Assembly. The Government nominee is Mr. Dharam Narain who is a Minister in the Gwalior Government. As there is no likelihood of any other names being proposed, these three candidates will be returned unopposed.

Plan To Assassinate Bevin Revealed

BRUSSELS, June 12, (Reuter) Plans were made to assassinate Mr Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Secretary, in the railway coach which was to have taken him back to England at the end of the Moscow Foreign Ministers' Conference in April, the Flemish language Brussels newspaper Het Laatste Nieuws said tonight.

The paper said that members of the Jewish terrorist Stern Gang were behind the attempt which was to have been made on Belgian territory on the last lap of Mr Bevin's continental journey

Mr Bevin, however flew direct to London from Germany

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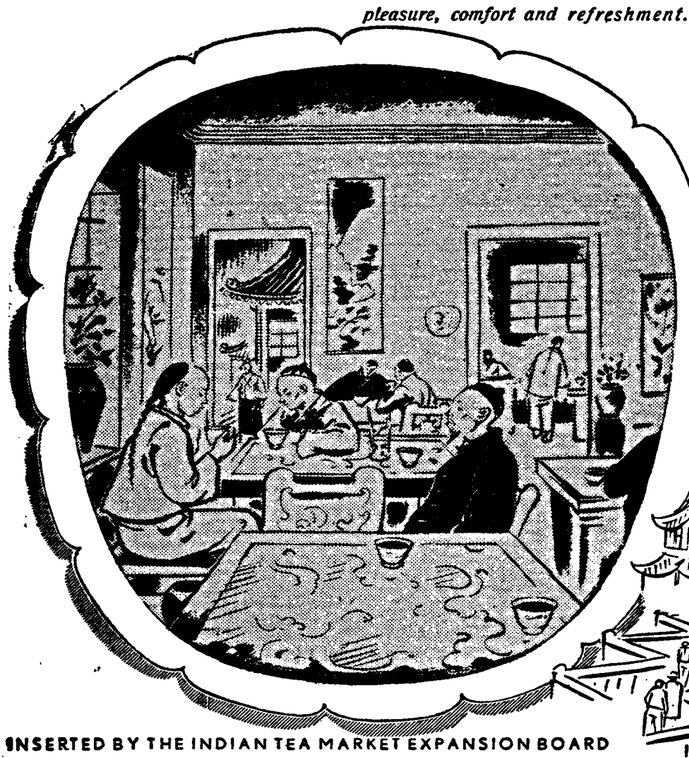
TEA the universal beverage



Wherever one turns in China, there is a *Kwans* (Chinese for tea house) round the corner. A centre of social life, each *Kwans* has its own fixed clientele. Different groups of customers attend at different hours and the kettle is constantly kept on the boil.

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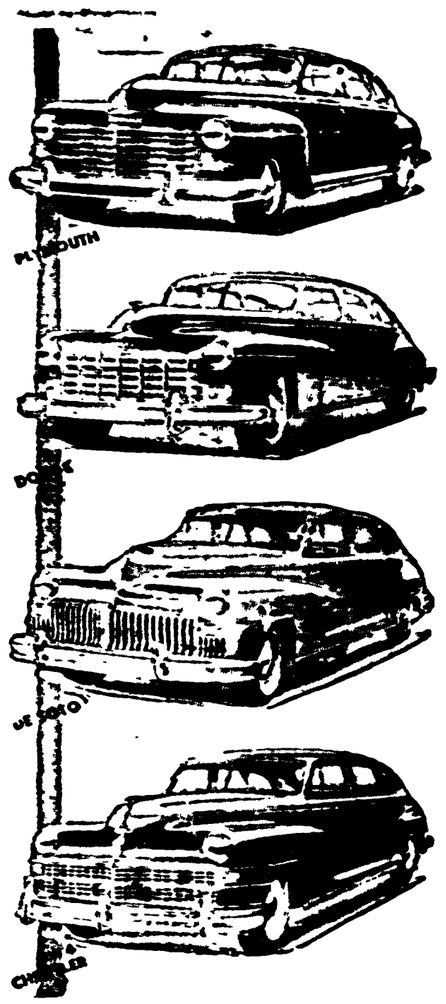

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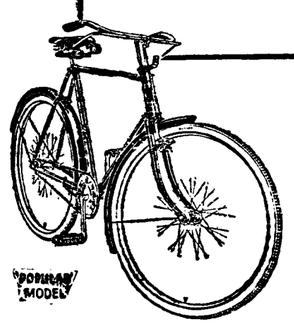

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Hailey On Last Chapter Of I. C. S.

IT IS NOT CLOSE OF OUR ASSOCIATION WITH INDIA, SAYS ATTLEE

LONDON, June 12 (Reuter): After former Governor of the United Provinces Lord Hailey, Chairman, had said, "the recent events have written the last chapter in the history of the active life of the Indian Civil Service", the British Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee, told members of the Indian Civil Service Dinner Club in London tonight: "I do not believe that it is the close of our association with India. I believe that it will go on fruitfully in other forms and I would like to say how much we are indebted to all those who have done this great service."

Mr. Attlee said "India had to feel in the course of a few decades the impact of movements which had passed over us in centuries, the fight for religious freedom and moving away from the violence of political strife to the more orderly political strife of today.

"One of the lessons I felt we learnt was that there was a limit to what could be done by one people to help another people. I feel myself that what I consider are social and economic evils in India are evils that could only be cured by the Indians themselves. We have done great service, but that service has to be carried on by the Indians themselves."

Mr. Attlee added, "so, one looked at political, social and economic problems and saw that it was inevitable that there was to be a change. I am anxious today because my interest is mainly to see what is going to happen to the great masses of people. I would not prophesy, I think it would be very unwise for me to say any word on the Indian situation today. I prefer to leave that to the man on the spot, the Viceroy who, I think, is doing a wonderful service.

"I am quite sure we shall gradually move away from the political problem into dealing with social and economic questions of India. I believe that there will still be a great work for us to do. I am quite sure that Indians will need our help and will ask for our help and I am quite sure that help will be given willingly from this country.

"Whatever may be the changes, we have these long years of association and history behind us and a service that has been done in India by the love of many people in India for the Indian people.

Mr. Attlee added: "I am quite sure that all those who have served in India have the deepest anxiety and deepest hope that out of these struggles they may get India free, contented and moving forward to higher standards of life and to a greater degree of tolerance between caste, creed and humanity."

LAST CHAPTER

Lord Hailey, in his speech earlier, said that it might be that the last chapter in the history of the Indian Civil Service has been written in different terms from what its members might have chosen. But it gave them pleasure to see a gathering of the past and present members, affording proof that the fellowship of the Indian service had not only been one of its great charms, but one of its great strength.

Lord Hailey added a word of sympathy of the men who were in active service in India, who were still carrying on the difficult task.

"I suppose that the service in India as we have seen it in our generation", he said, "has never been free from its trials, its heavy responsibilities or its sacrifices, but it was after all only a normal task having normal difficulties of navigation in difficult waters.

Lord Hailey added: "I suppose there are few of us who would care to share the task of the men in India now, who have to navigate a ship that seems to have lost its rudder and whose crew are under order of discharge. We can take some comfort in reflection that, after all, these problems are problems of India's own creation and in the end there must be the question whether the self-government of India will be able to maintain the principles of order and decent administration that has always been in our minds.

"If it should seem that the common man in India may have to regret the decline—perhaps a grave decline—in his own standing then we must, with our memories of all we attempted to achieve in the past feel a bitter and abiding regret."

No Smooth Sailing For 'Divided India'

NEW YORK, June 12 (Reuter): The process of "unscrambling" India is likely to prove costly to the Indian people, declares the American liberal magazine "The Nation" in an editorial headed "Divided India." It adds: "While the basis for peaceful transfer of power in India has been achieved, let no one think all will be smooth sailing from now. The problems that remain to be solved are formidable and likely to cause plenty of friction. Delineation of boundaries between Pakistan and Hindustan, for instance, will surely prove an arduous task requiring prolonged bargaining.

ABSURD

"Then there is the question of communications. India is knitted together by a great network of railroads designed partly to satisfy defence requirements and partly to promote economic unification. To break up this network into two national systems would be absurd.

"The Nation" adds "How are commercial relations between the two Indias to be conducted? Introduction of tariff barriers in what has been a great free trade area would be the most retrograde step costly to both the states. Pakistan is likely to be a surplus food area and Hindustan will have most of India's industrial and mineral resources. The basis for continued free exchange of goods remains. Yet there is the distinct danger that the Muslim area will follow a policy of economic nationalism and seek to acquire industrial strength by protective measures."

The magazine asserts that the problems, that face India "are not insoluble provided that the two India's tackle them in a spirit of genuine co-operation. Without that co-operation the future will be stormy. With it there is the hope that India will come to play an outstanding role in Asia and the world."

JINNAH PLANS FOR PAKISTAN

Expert Committees To Tackle Issues

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, June 13.

The suggestion to open a High Commissioner's office in Pakistan has also been made by the British High Commissioner in New Delhi to his Home Government.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah will be the President of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly, according to well-informed League circles here. Members of the Indian Constituent Assembly from Pakistan areas, technically will cease to be its members as soon as the Pakistan Constituent Assembly is constituted. Prominent among such members are two Sikhs, several Hindus including Dewan Chamanlal and Maulana Azad and Badshah Khan in case the result of the Frontier referendum goes against the Congress.

Mr. Jinnah, it is further learned, is shortly setting up a number of Expert Committees to deal with various matters that are likely to arise in connection with partition. League circles envisage Pakistan State to be a federation of three or four units in the North-West and one unit in north-east.

U. S. Relations With Pakistan

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, June 13.

Mr. Thom Weil, one of the Senior Secretaries to the American Embassy has gone to Lahore to open an office in that town. American circles here envisage possibility of America recognising the Pakistan Government and exchange diplomats on Ambassadorial level soon after such a Government is established and provided that a request for exchange of diplomatic relations is received from Pakistan.

AGA KHAN WELCOMES LEAGUE COUNCIL DECISION

LONDON, June 12 (Reuter).—Aga Khan, Spiritual Head of Ismaili Muslims, expressed satisfaction at the Muslim League Council's acceptance of the British plan for India. He said: "I am a very happy man today. The British plan for India is a compromise and a compromise is always the best course for nations.

U. S. Wants Peace With Every Nation

MONTEBELLO, (Quebeck), June 12. (Reuter): President Truman, who is visiting Canada, told a press conference here today that the United States had but one object—peace in the world with every nation in the world. "and I want to emphasise the word "every", he added.

President Truman said that his trip was aimed at solidifying the Western Hemisphere.

"The men who died in the war will have died in vain if world peace is not secured, the President said.

The Canadian Prime Minister, Mr. Mackenzie King who attended the conference said "I associate myself unreservedly with everything the President has said."

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Hungary Turned Into A Police State

No Freedom Of Press, Expression Or Thought

BUDAPEST, June 12 (Reuter): The Liberty Party Opposition Leader M. Sulyon Debsce, declared in a debate in the Hungarian Assembly today that although it was not true that there was a revolution in Hungary, the present calm was due to fear and terror. Hungary had been turned into a police state full of spies, he said. There was no freedom of press, of expression or thought.

Whenever his party held meetings, unruly crowds furnished with arms and provided with drink and money appeared and many party members were arrested or interned, Sulyon said. It was not true that there was no freedom of meeting. Hungary had become something sinister in world opinion.

Sulyon said that former Prime Minister Ferenc Nagy had been lured into a mouse-trap by a master move of the left-wing who had allowed him his liberty so as to prevent his becoming a martyr and symbol for the pessantry.

Sulyon also criticised secretly M. Nagy's policy when he was Prime Minister.

Former speaker of the National Assembly Bela Zeedonyi, Leader of 41 independent deputies formerly in the small-holders Party, said that they demanded full freedom for middle-class ideology and movement in the same way as in the past middle-class leaders had fought for Marxist ideals and the movement.

The trial of a group of Hungarians charged with conspiracy, including M. Nagy now in Switzerland, began in Budapest today.

WALLACE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

LOS ANGELES, June 13, (A"A): The political editor of the Los Angeles TIMES predicted yesterday that "Henry Wallace will be a candidate for democratic presidential nomination in the preferential primaries of California and at least a dozen other states."

"People's State" Can Tolerate Only "Loyal Opposition"

Bulgarian Communist Premier To Oust 27 Agrarian Deputies

LONDON, June 12, (Reuter): The removal of 23 agrarian opposition deputies from the Bulgarian Parliament may well mean the end of constitutional opposition to Bulgaria's fatherland front regime, diplomatic observers here considered today.

M. Georgi Dimitrov, Bulgaria's Communist Premier, earlier this week said that permissible opposition must be 'loyal opposition' which did not conspire against the authority of the "people's state" or hinder the organisation of food supplies and sabotage the state plan for national economy.

Here is the clue to the motives behind the drive against the opposition—a general passive resistance of the peasants and apathy over the Government's new general three-year plan. The Government has repeatedly charged the opposition with responsibility for this passive economic resistance and now may believe that virtual elimination of the present opposition will make it easier for the fatherland front to achieve an economic consolation.

Presumably it has sufficient confidence in the police to discount the danger that the opposition may take less healthy forms.

Coconut Oil Control To Go

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, June 13.

I understand that the Government of India has decided to decontrol internal prices of copra and coconut oil with immediate effect. This is the logical sequel to the earlier decontrol of prices of oilseeds and oils.

In order to enable implementation of the Coal Labour Conciliation Committee's award, the Government of India has agreed to enhancement in the prices of coal. The award was accepted by the mine owners, it would be recalled, on condition that prices of coal should also be increased.

INDIA SECRETARY'S SERVICES

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, June 13.

With effect from August 15 the India Secretary's control over his services will terminate, it is learnt here. This control was to terminate along with the termination of British authority in India in June 1948. The date for the termination of control over services has been advanced along with the decision to introduce Dominion Status.

Austrian Official Shot By Russian

VIENNA, June 12, (Reuter): A communique from the Ministry of Interior tonight says that Dr. Arne Karlsson, Assistant Head of the Swedish aid to Austria organisation, was killed by shots fired by a Russian sentry.

The communique said that Dr. Karlsson had apparently lost his way and was trying to turn his car on a cart track when a sentry fired shots which struck the back of his head, killing him instantly. Dr. Karlsson had failed to hear the sentry's warning owing to the noise of his engine.

"Systematically Ignored And Ultimately Betrayed"

Nationalists Will Continue To Work For United India, Says A. M. Khwaja

NEW DELHI, June 12. (A.P.I.): The view that the "nationalists would never accept the partition of India and would continue to work in face of the odds for United India and for the glory of their Motherland dismembered by the unholy alliance of the British and the Leaguers and the weakness of the National Congress was expressed by Mr. A. M. Khwaja, President of the All-India Muslim Majlis, in a statement, issued here to-day.

The statement adds: "With all the knowledge of the history of British diplomacy and all the bitter experience of the past, one almost continued to hope against hope that either the National Congress or the Sikhs would refuse to be parties to the partition of the country or that Muslims themselves would awake and realise the danger to them, more particularly in the minority provinces and stop the dismemberment of the Motherland at the last minute. But it seems that the old saying must once more prove to be true that those whom the Gods have determined to destroy lose their heads. The Congress, in spite of all its past glorious history of sound nationalism, has perhaps in utter dismay or disgust accepted the two nation theory in practice, though Mahatma Gandhi is trying to keep the torch burning by declaring that he is a Hindustani and a Pakistani alike."

"The one political party which has received the heaviest blow is the Nationalist Muslims. They were being systematically ignored and have ultimately been betrayed by the National Congress which ever since Mr. Jinnah's new advent had been trying to woo the Anti-Nationalist League.

"However sad it may be", the statement says, "the fact remains and is undeniable that in spite of the 'settlement' or the achievement of what Mr. Jinnah called his 'job' hooliganism is continuing and we read daily reports of assault, loot and arson from various parts of the country. It seems obvious that the British feel that the only way of retaining India is to impose Dominion Status in all haste. I dare to prophesy that unless the Congress is determined to establish real nationalism in Hindustan and join hands with nationalists rather than with the League, Dominion Status has come to stay.

NATIONALIST MUSLIMS TO HOLD CONVENTION

NEW DELHI, June 13 (A.P.I.): A convention of nationalist Muslims is being held in New Delhi on June 15 and 16 to formulate their attitude towards the latest British plan and certain allied problems. Dr. Syed Mahmood is the Chairman of the Committee which is convening it.

George Formby, is due to arrive in Australia for a 13 weeks tour on September 12. His first appearance there will be at the Tivoli Theatre in Melbourne three days later.

The managing director of Tivoli Theatres, Mr. D. W. Martin, said that Mr. Formby would receive more than £1,000 a week. This was the highest straight salary ever paid for a vaudeville artist in Australia.

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TO-DAY (Sat. 14th), Tomorrow (Sun. 15th) 9-30 a.m.

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To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 10, 2003.
Muslim: Rajjab 24, 1366.
Parsi: Deh 14, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-01 a.m. Sunset: 7-17 p.m.
Hightide: 08-06, 19-42. Lowtide: 01-53, 13-46.

Today's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURORS

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

MUSLIM SOCIAL WORKERS GROUP: To express Sympathy with Mr. K. C. Ibrahim the well-known Cricketer, who has suffered a triple family bereavement by the tragic death of his sister, her husband and her husband's Mother in Calcutta, a condolence meeting of the Muslim Social Workers' Group, will be held at the Group Hall, Mistry Moholla, at 6 p.m. today.

INSTITUTION OF ENGINEERS: Mr. C. W. Kellenberger, Factory Representative of the Eutectic Welding Alloys Corporation of U.S.A., will give a practical demonstration of "Castolin Eutectic" Low Temperature Welding at 3-00 p.m. today at the factory of Messrs. Hardicastle, Waud & Co., Ltd., Nesbit Road, Near Mazagaon Police Court.

TATA OIL MILLS CO., LTD. Staff Union a Meeting of the repre- the Tomco Kamgar Union and the Staff Unon a Meeting of the representatives of workers and office employees of various oil and soap factories will be held at Haji Ismail Gani Building's Terrace in the Byculla Station Compound at 3 p.m. today to decide steps to be taken for fighting the crisis in the oil and soap industries caused by the shortage of Caustic Soda.

FREE FIRST AID CLASSES: Khan Saheb D. S. Bharucha will start one First Aid Class in the Red Cross Building, Town Hall Compound, Fort, from today at 4-30. p.m

TRINITY MUTUAL HEALTH CLINIC: The Girgaum and Dadar Centres of the Clinic will be open to the Public for Free Health Advice as under:—

(1) Girgaum Centre (Aryan High School Building, Near Opera House) today from 4 to 6 p.m. (2) Dadar Centre tomorrow (Orient High School Building Lady Jamshedji Road) tomorrow from 9 to 11 a.m.

A Free Reading Room and Library of Books and Magazines on Health is maintained at all these centres.

HINDI CLASSES: On every Sunday in the morning from 8 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. at the S.N.D.T. Girl's School at Vithalbhai Patel Road. Classes for the women's only are held on every Sunday and Wednesday between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. at the Young Men's Hindu Association premises.

ARYA SAMAJ: Annual General Meeting at 9-30 a.m. tomorrow in the Samaj Hall.

SRI KRISHNA GANA SABHA: Violin Duet recitals by Smt. Komalavalli and Sri. G. Srinivasan 6 p.m. tomorrow at Sohrab Palamcote Hall, Parsee Colony, Dadar.

RELIGIOUS CLASSES: Swami Sambhuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission Library Hall at 9 a.m. tomorrow. The Swami will also conduct a class on Gospel of Sri Ramakrishna at the above Hall at 6-30 p.m. tomorrow.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Mr. K. M. Munshi wil speak on "The British Plan is not a Calamity" today (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Banquet Hall, Taj Mahal Hotel.

Overdose Of Sleeping Pills Proves Fatal

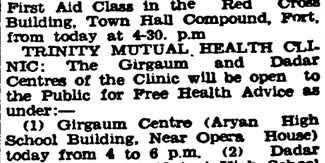
BOMBAY, Friday.

An overdose of sleeping pills, it is believed, was the cause of the death yesterday of John Proctor, an European, who was staying in the Metropolis Hotel on Frere Road, Bombay.

John Proctor was found in his room in an unconscious state yesterday morning. He was immediately removed to the St. George Hospital, but he died in the evening without regaining consciousness.

The police who searched his room found an empty glass, a few sleeping tablets and a bottle containing some reddish chemical substance.

25th SILVER JUBILEE WEEK!



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From Lucknow, Cawnpore and Bhopal (Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays) 13-30 hrs.
From Bhuj, Jamnagar and Porbandar (Tuesdays and Thursdays) 16-30 hrs.
From Karachi, Bhuj, Jamnagar and Junagadh (Daily) 18-15 hrs.

DEPARTURES FROM JUHU AERODROME

For Gwalior & Delhi (Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays) 06-45 hrs.
For Junagadh, Jamnagar, Bhuj and Karachi (Daily) 07-00 hrs.
For Porbandar, Jamnagar & Bhuj (Tuesdays & Thursdays) 07-30 hrs.
For Bhopal, Cawnpore & Lucknow (Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays) 07-45 hrs.

RAILWAY & AIR TIMINGS

G.I.P. RAILWAY.

Arrivals at V. T.: Madras Mail 7-25, Allahabad Exp. 6-15, Peshawar Exp. 7-45, Calcutta Mail via Nagpur 9-20, Deccan Queen 10-55, Poona Mail 11-45, Madras Exp. 13-00, Calcutta Mail via Allahabad 14-45, Punjab Mail 16-00, Nagpur Exp. 17-30, Poona Exp. 19-30, Poona Fast Pass. 21-55.

Departures: Poona Exp. 8-20, Poona Fast Pass. 11-00, Madras Exp. 13-30, Punjab Mail 14-45, Deccan Queen 17-00, Poona Mail 17-10, Calcutta Mail via Nagpur 17-30, Calcutta Mail via Allahabad 20-30, Peshawar Exp. 22-15, Madras Mail 21-45, Nagpur Exp. 22-15, Allahabad Exp. 22-45.

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY.

Arrivals at B. Central: Ahmedabad Pass. 6-00, Delhi Exp. 7-00, Gujerat Mail 7-45, Rajputana Sind Mail 8-20 Kathiawar Mail 10-00, Frontier Mail 11-30, Ahmedabad Pass. 15-45, Baroda Pass. 19-55 Kathiawar Exp. 20-20.

Departures: Kathiawar Exp. 7-35, Baroda Pass. 8-30, Ahmedabad Pass. 12-10, Frontier Mail 18-25, Kathiawar Mail 18-50, Rajputana Sind Mail 20-00, Gujerat Mail 20-30, Delhi Exp. 20-45, Ahmedabad Pass. 21-06.

AIR-INDIA LTD. The (Tata Line).

Arrivals at Sta. Cruz: Delhi 12-45, 17-25, Ahmedabad 12-45, 18-20, Karachi 10-20, 18-20, Calcutta-Nagpur (Mon., Wed., Fri., Sun.) 14-45, Calcutta, Viking service (Tue., Thurs, Sat.) 17-55, Colombo-Madras-Hyderabad 16-0, Madras Non-stop Service (Sun., Tues., Thurs., Fri., Sat.) 12-15.

Departures: Delhi 07-30, 12-45, Ahmedabad 08-00, 12-45, Karachi 08-00, 15-00, Nagpur-Calcutta (Mon., Wed., Fri., Sun.) 07-00, Calcutta, Viking Service (Tue., Thurs., Sat.) 07-00, Hyderabad-Madras-Colombo 08-30, Madras Non-stop Service (Sun., Tue., Thurs., Fri., Sat.) 13-15.

TRANSWORLD AIRLINE.

Arrivals at Santa Cruz: On Sundays & Fridays. From U. S. A., Europe, Egypt. Departures: On Mondays & Saturdays. For Egypt, Europe & U. S. A. Cargo plane arrives on Tuesdays and departs on Wednesdays.

MISTRY AIRWAYS.

Arrivals (Juhu): Calcutta-Nagpur 14-30. Departures Nagpur-Calcutta 8-00.

DECCAN AIRWAYS LTD.

Arrivals at Sta. Cruz: Madras Hyderabad 11-30 (also from Bangalore on Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat.). Departures: Hyderabad-Madras 12-10 (also to Bangalore on Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri.).

AMBICA AIR LINES.

From Ahmedabad and Baroda (Wednesdays and Saturdays) 09-55 hrs. From Morvi and Rajkot (Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays) 08-00 hrs. Departures.

For Baroda and Ahmedabad (Tuesdays and Fridays) 15-00 hrs. For Rajkot and Morvi (Mondays Thursdays and Saturdays) 09-00 hrs.

Arrested For Alleged Trafficking In Minor Girl

Two persons, alleged to have attempted in the traffic of a miner girl, were trapped by the vigilance Branch C.I.D. on Wednesday.

The police it was stated received information that Nathu Totaram Joshi and Chunilal Ramlal Sonesh had brought a miner girl and that they were trying to sell her to a prospective customer for Rs. 1,500/ 2,000.

Inspector Patankar, Deputy Inspector Patkar and Sub-Inspector Wakeman of the Vigilance Branch C.I.D., getting scent, sent a bogus customer to the accused with marked currency notes. The bogus customer was instructed to obtain a sale deed.

The alleged transaction took place in a hotel in Fort. The accused it was alleged, gave a sale deed for Rs. 2,500 and accepted Rs. 1,500.

While the transaction was over the police officials swooped up on the accused and put them under arrest.

The girl was taken charge and sent to the Childrens' Home Umarkhadi for detention.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate Esplanade Police Court ordered the accused to be released on bail

Ex-Servicemen's Society

BOMBAY, Friday: The first meeting of ex-servicemen to promote ex-Servicemen Co-operative Transport Society was held this afternoon at the Hasan Chambers, Parel Bazaar Street. Lieut. H. S. Baksi presided. Mr. D. R. Pradhan, Regional Director of Resettlement and Employment, attended the meeting.

The main object of the Society is to facilitate the resettlement of the demobbed men and to privide transport facilities the public in Bombay presidency by runnings regular and efficient bus and taxi services. The Society proposes to train ex-servicemen in motor mechanics and other allied vocations.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C. Mr. Purshotum Trikumdas and Sir Rustom Masani have consented to be honorary members of the Managing Committee of the Society.

RAW COTTON PRICES REFERRED TO COMMODITY BOARD

BOMBAY, Friday: The Government of India have referred the question of floor and ceiling prices for raw cotton for the season 1947-48 to the Commodity Prices Board, says a press note issued by the Textile Commissioner.

As soon as the Board's recommendations are received, the Government will announce their decision on cotton prices and the opening of new crop trading.

SOCIALIST RESIGNS FROM A.I.T.U.C.

In persuance of the decision of the Socialist Party Comrade Peter Alvares, the Secretary, Socialist Party, (Bombay) has tendered his resignation as a Treasurer of the A.I.T.U.C. and also from membership of the General Council.

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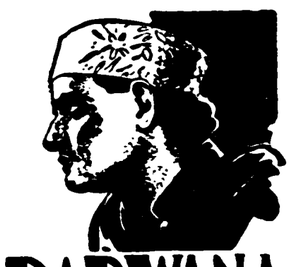

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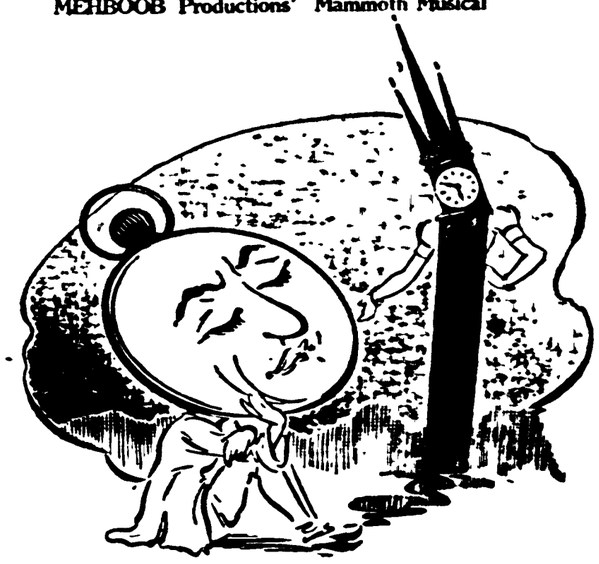

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WIDESPREAD RAIN IN BENGAL

All-India Weather

POONA, June 13. (A. P. I.): Following is the weather summary for Friday, the 13th June, 1947:—

Rainfall has been widespread in Bengal, the South Konkan and Malabar and local in Assam. Bihar and Kashmir. A few falls have also occurred in the east and north Punjab and the south Bombay Deccan.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 14TH EVENING:—Rainfall will be widespread along the west coast of the Peninsula south of Surat in Assam and East Bengal. Thundershowers will occur locally in west Bengal, Bihar and along the Orissa coast and at a few stations in Kashmir, along the Hills of the west United Provinces in and near west Central India, in the south Deccan and south-east Madras.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain will extend to Bihar and north Bengal during the next 48 hours.

Poona and neighbourhood: occasional showers.

Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, from June 1 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m., today:—

Ahmedabad 93 83 0 0 minus 0.3, Ahmednagar nil, Ajmer 105 83 0 0 minus 0.4, Allahabad 109 80 0 0.2 minus 0.4, Bangalore 87 69 0 1.6 minus 0.2, Baroda 101 82 0 0 7, Benares 105 83 0.2 0, Bhuj 96 82 0 0 minus 0.3, BOMBAY 90 80 0.5 2.2 minus 3.1, Calcutta 92 81 0 7.2 plus 6.7, Calicut 87 77 0.1 18.3 plus 3.6, Cawnpore 111 83 0 0.4 minus 0.3, Cherrapunji 68 68 5.9 70.8 plus 31.1, Cuttack 92 81 0 5.6 plus 2.9, Darjeeling 68 59 1.4 6.4 plus 0.6, Dehra Dun 100 80 0 1.1 minus 0.2 Delhi 109 91 0 0 minus 0.4, Gwalior 112 95 0 0.3 7, Hyderabad (Snd.) 98 77 0 2.1 plus 0.2, Indore 99 78 0 0.2 minus 1.6, Karachi 90 84 0 0 minus 0.1 Khandwa 105 83 0 0 minus 1.6, Lahore 107 84 0 0 minus 0.2, Lucknow 103 84 0 1.7 plus 1.1, Ludhiana 113 89 0 0 minus 0.3, Madras 103 89 0 0 minus 0.9, Madura 99 81 0 0.2 minus 0.5, Mahabaleshwar 69 64 0.9 7.1 minus 2.1, Mangalore 85 76 0.6 14.7 minus 2.0 Nagpur 105 72 0 1.4 minus 1.3, Negapatam 100 80 0 0 minus 9.5, Ootacamund 68 52 0 1.7 minus 1.9, Palghat 89 76 0 10.1 7, Patna 100 81 0 1.8 plus 0.7, Peshawar 100 76 0 0 minus 0.2, Poona 91 74 0 0 minus 1.9, Quetta 86 54 0 0 minus 0.1, Rajkot 102 81 0 0 minus 0.6, Ranchi 89 71 0 7.4 plus 5.3, Rawalpindi 99 74 0.3 0.4 minus 0.1, Simla 79 66 0 0.7 minus 0.4, Surat 93 84 0 0.1 minus 1.1.

'QUAKE SHOCK RECORDED.

POONA, June 13. (A. P. I.): An earthquake shock of moderate intensity with its epicentre about 3,710 miles away from Bombay was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 2-4 p.m. (I. S. T.), on Thursday, June 12.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

He who boasts of his authority displays his stupidity.
—HAZRAT ALI

The Bombay Chronicle

WARNING TO PRINCES

If Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer has stampeded the Maharaja and the people of Travancore out of the Indian Union against the wishes of the people at any rate, Sir Walter Monckton the British legal luminary has to be credited with the latest decision of His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad. Sir Walter is the Nizam's legal and political adviser, drawing high fees in return for placing his genius at the service of his client. But is it good service that he has rendered, a service that may be of benifit to the interest of the State, its people and the ruler? Like the Travancore Dewan the British Adviser of the Nizam has rendered what is distinctly a disservice not only to his client but also to his own country. The relations between India and Britain constitute a long chapter of bitter memories for this country. It is only lately that the British realised, principally by force of circumstance, Indian and international, the mistakes of imperialist behaviour and decided as much for their own benefit as anything else to undo old wrongs and win India's friendship. The representatives of Sir Walter's country have, after hard striving, nearly succeeded in doing so. They effected a complete change in their old policy and approached the problem of India in a spirit of good will and of concern for political and democratic well being of this country. And, in pursuance of this spirit, they advised the States Rulers also to forget alleged Treaty and Divine Rights, forsake undemocratic and ridiculous ambitions of personal sovereignty and to cast their lot with India. Sir Walter has done his best to undo, in his own sphere, their good work. The reaction of Sir Walter Monckton's activities on the people of this country will be inevitable. He has so far as it lay in his power, ill served his own country and the future relations between India and Britain.

And he has ill served the Nizam and Hyderabad. The Nizam's 'firman', doubtless drafted by Sir Walter Monckton, compares favourably in dignity with the Travancore Dewan's fulminations and is entirely free from the pettiness and spite that are the main characteristics of the latter. But beyond that it fails to make any appeal It is based on specious arguments. It ignores fundamental principles of democracy and political rights and assumes 'ersatz' principles which cannot bear the test of human and modern realities. It assumes personal and absolute sovereignty, which Sir Walter Monckton, except as a legal adviser to autocracy, should be the first to dismiss as a thesis that was destroyed long ago in the world. It completely ignores the rights of the people and what it concedes is a credit only to plausibility. The 'firman' implies that the Muslims and non-Muslims have claims to consideration on a 50-50 basis, while Hyderabad is more than 86 per cent non-Muslim and 14 per cent Muslim. This theory of 'Equality" is as inapplicable to Hyderabad as it is inapplicable to predominantly Muslim Kashmir and to pre-dominantly Muslim Pakistan and non-Muslim Indian Union. It may be argued that Muslims have some special interests in Hyderabad. but so have the Hindus in Kashmir. But in no case can such special interests be valid save insofar as they do not cancel or override the interests and rights of the population. The Congress has not so far denied the right of any Indian Prince, be he the Nizam, the Maharaja of Kashmir, the Nawap of Bhopal or the Maharaja of Travancore, to rulership in his State. Each may, if he feels so like it, assume even the honorofic of "Majesty." But there are two things that cannot be given up; first, that the Ruler derives his privileges not from some divine right but from the people and that his rights are conditioned by the sovereign rights of the people. And. secondly, that every single State is a part of India because the people of every single State is a part of the Indian people. It follows from this that Rulers of Indian States cannot persist in exercising autocratic rule and cannot declare their people and States independent as if they were separate entities outside of India.

The Standing Committee of the All-India States' Peoples Conference draws, in its resolutions adopted only the other day, pointed attention to this fact. Indian Rulers have no right, in international law, by historical precedent or on any principle of democracy—"democracy" on which despite Sir Walter Monckton, the United Nations and its Charter are based—to take themselves and their peoples wherever the fancies of C. P. Ramaswamy Iyers and Walter Moncktons take them. Nor is such course right in the larger and long-range interests of the Princes. The Viceroy and the British Government have told them what would be good for them. They ought to give more attention to that advice than the dangerous counsels of their "advisers" and Dewans. They should also heed the solemn warning issued, in all friendliness, by the Standing Committee. They have no future in antagonism with or separation from India. They must understand the realities and unavoidable implications of geography, Indian nationalism and democracy and bow to them in wisdom and statesmanship. For that way alone can they ensure a future for them, the future inside India as "constitutional" rulers no doubt but a future which alone ensures their position and which offers to them opportunities of great and glorious service to the people of the States and to India and also the opportunity of earning a respected place, each of them, in history. Let them see around them the signs of the times and the inevitable consequences, to their States, their peoples and themselves, of the people of India coming at last into their own. Let them beware that the C. P. Ramaswamy Iyers and Walter Moncktons, who are sowing the wind, will not help them withstand the whirlwind notwithstanding all the pretty pictures of U.N.O. membership that are reported to have been dangled before them.

Cheap Money Policy

The latest issue of the Reserve Bank Bulletin contains the usual statistical information and full text of and an informed article on the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act 1947. It seems that the research and editorial branch of the Reserve Bank fare no better with the economic and statistical authorities of the Central Government than the general public. It is unfair to the interested public as well as to the principal financial authority that it should not be found possible for statistical material with the Government of India and other public authorities to be made available much quicker than is at present the case. Statistics are the raw material of research and of informed policy-making. We fail to see why Government sources, which have almost a monopoly for collection of statistics should not share these basic figures with recognised researchers almost as soon as they are available to Government. We do hope the Reserve Bank will continue to press for immediate access to all statistical material which gathers in the economic adviser's department. The high light of the recent issue of the bulletin is an article on cheap money policy in India by Mr. H. A. Alavi. The main conclusion sought to be established is that rather than pursue the cheap money policy further it is urgently desirable to consolidate the low rate position already reached with regard to Government borrowing. For cheap money to be really effective, investments in industry must be keyed to the new rate. On account of the high risk element in our agriculture cheap money has little effect on agricultural rates. In manufactures paucity of capital goods is too severe to be counteracted by small adjustments of interest rates. In other spheres of business also the necessary time lag is likely to be much longer with us than elsewhere. It is, therefore, desirable that pending the initiation and progress of a policy of direct encouragement to investment further advances on the road to cheaper money should be held up. It is to be hoped that this sound advice emanating from well-informed and responsible quarters will weigh with the financial authorities of Government.

Frankly Speaking

Timely Warning

The unique position that Manatma Gandhi holds in the counsels of this nation as well as the world is due, among other things, to the fact that he does not allow his judgment to be affected by the rancour of his opponents and that he does not permit his mind to be warped and embittered even by defeat. Therefore, it is in the fitness of things that he should give the lead by one of those pronouncements so characteristic of him; and it was timely, too. In the course of his usual post-prayer address on Thursday he again raised—and this time in greater detail—the vital question of the position of the treatment of Non-Hindus in those areas of India, which will not be included in Pakistan. He objects and rightly objects to this area being referred to as "Hindustan." Although the term "Hindustan" as applied to the whole of the Indian continent, has some historical justification for it, in so far as it implies that it is a land of the Hindus exclusively or a land where the Hindus enjoy hegemony, the use of the term should be discouraged. In this land of ours nobody should enjoy a hegemony. In fact it would be ideal if such distinctions as exist between various groups and communities and religious sects were obliterated, except in the matter of the private practice of one's faith Meanwhile a duty is cast on every responsible citizen to see "that in the Union there is no discrimination whatsoever on the ground of religion, caste or colour, and that the only test is merit, which every industrious citizen of the Union would have ample opportunity to acquire."

Thrice Doomed

The proposition as stated by Mahatma Gandhi is so well-known and so unexceptionable that it may seem unnecessary to repeat it. But there is in fact an urgent necessity to stress it. The division of India brought about, no doubt by the folly of Mr. Jinnah and his followers, has provoked a few even normally decent Hindus. Even genuine Nationalists seem to have had their minds poisoned by the bitter and acrimonious controversies and the barbarous manifestations of the effects of these controversies on ignorant and gullible masses of people. Mahatma Gandhi's speech was directly addressed to uch people. His plea that not only Muslims but also all other minorities should be made to feel that the Indian Union is their home, equally with the Hindus of the highest caste, is based on two broad grounds. The first ground, which by itself should be enough for all men of reason, is the ground of human justice. "The world is sick of the application of the law of the jungle. It is thirsting for the brave law of love for hate, truth for untruth, toleration for intolerance. If that law of regenerate man is not to rule the world it is thrice doomed." Free India, regenerated India, would like to be cast in a role where it would save the world from this doom.

A Challenge

The second ground which Mahatma Gandhi urges, is what, from his point of view is the lesser, but in reality a very important ground. He urges that caste Hindus should not believe in such a way "as to prove Mr. Jinnah's thesis that the Muslims and the Hindus are separate nations." If there is any hope—and it is a hope which every Indian must continue to cherish—that those who are now responsible for the carving out of India, will be convinced of their mistake and ask for a reunion, that hope will be more than thrice-doomed, if the slightest move is made to enforce discrimination of any type or in any form against any section of the population of the Indian Union. The warning is clear and must be heeded at once that if Indians want to avert a worse disaster than has already befallen them they should "rise to the occasion, and by their character, bravery, incorruptibility and toleration" prove not only to the Muslims but also to the smallest minority that every citizen of India shall be assured of fullest freedom and opportunities of self-realization.

Our Readers' Views

A.I.C.C. & Mountbatten Plan

Sir,—Few would deny that the country today is passing through the most critical period of her life and the A.I.C.C will meet not only to take the most momentous decisions but actually to decide for the life or death of the four hundred million people. Here and now is the test for the committee to justify and acquit itself as the "De Facto" Parliament of the Nation.

It is most unfortunate that on an occasion like this Mahatma Gandhi, who undoubtedly is the top man in the Congress as well as the chief fighter for democracy and freedom, has sought to prejudice the opinion and restrict and curtail the essential and inalienable right of the members of the committee for perfect freedom of speech and expression. He has repeatedly said that the people should not revolt against the Congress and the A. I. C. C. must endorse the decisions taken by the Working Committee of the Congress. He has argued that the Working Committee is the creation of the A. I. C. C. itself and to that extent it cannot dishonour the cheque signed by it. It is most painful to differ from Gandhiji. But it is Gandhiji himself who has taught the youth of India to revolt against wrong and injustice It is in this sense and spirit that I have to submit to the leader that the Working Committee may be the creation of the A.I.C.C., but it has no power or authority to bind the parent body to any course without previous reference and consent. Even Mr. M. A. Jinnah, who is a virtual dictator of the Muslim League, has shown this courtesy. It is not understood in what capacity and under what inspiration Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has put the seal of acceptance upon the latest British Plan for and on behalf of the Congress. He was talking like a supreme dictator when he said that they had accepted the plan as an inevitable necessity and will get it ratified from the A.I.C.C.

Mahatmaji said that he has differences with the decision taken by the Working Committee. He also knows that the A.I.C.C. may not agree to what the leaders have done. The question that arises now is whether the A.I.C.C. should assert its right and force the leaders to reverse the decision which is decidedly wrong and admittedly obnoxious. The British Plan is a negation to the thesis of the Indian National Congress inasmuch it destroys the unity of India. Gandhiji has used the terms "India and Pakistan". The former word is wrong even according to the British Plan and neither the working Committee nor the A.I.C.C. can either accept it or reject it.

The All-India Congress Committee, which seeks to represent the masses and claims to be an anti-imperialist front, must see that the plan is rejected and the country is spared from the ruin, regret and remorse which is in the offing.

JASWANT SINGH

Coalition Ministries

Sir,—We have been noticing that in the Muslim majority provinces, the party in power have made several offers to the representatives of the minorities in their respective provinces to come and join them in the administration of the Province. For instance, when Mr. Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah formed his Ministry, he invited the party in opposition to share the responsibility. Mr. H. S. Suhrawardhy also offered a fairly large number of seats to the Congress Party in the Bengal Assembly, and his latest offer to the minorities have been most attractive. In the Punjab, since the fall of the Khizar Ministry, Khan of Mamdot as the Leader of the Majority Party has repeatedly assured the minorities that his party is prepared to form a Coalition Government. On the other hand, we find that in the Hindu majority provinces no such offer has so far been made or is forthcoming.

Now, when a compromise has been made, the question of coalition should be taken up on an All-India basis by the accredited leaders and a certain policy should be laid down to meet the exigencies.—Yours, etc.

SHAKIR HUSSAIN KHAN.
Bombay.

Cloth Control

Sir,—In my view, a via media can well be adopted between the conflicting views of control and de-control. Control may be retained over coarse and medium varieties, while it can be completely lifted over finer varieties. If the idea finds favour with the public, mills may be permitted one-third of the number of working days for the manufacture of finer varieties. That leaves two-thirds of the days for the production of standard and durable varieties of cloth for rationing to the public at controlled prices.

Finer varieties are luxury goods meant only for the rich and well-to-do classes who can afford to pay higher prices without feeling the pinch. If the course suggested herein is adopted, I am sure the hoarder and the black-marketeer would bring their concealed stocks to the open market which will find its own level. With the lapse of time with the stepping up of production, with the free flow of imports and with better facilities of transport, the price movement would show a gradual downward tendency to the great relief of the consumers.—Yours, etc.

M. V. CHALAM.
Gandevi.

Vaccination

Sir,—I heartily endorse the views against compulsory vaccination expressed in your columns by a "Member of the Human Family" on May 17th and by "Scrutator" on June 6th

In November 1944, Dr. Jivaraj N. Mehta, presiding at Madras at the first Conference of the Association of Physicians of India, deplored the "craze for injections", contributing as it did to raising the cost of medical treatment, as "really maddening." There are many students of the subject who find it so on other grounds as well.

Infants having the misfortune to be born in Bombay Presidency under the existing compulsory vaccination law, must be vaccinated within six months of birth. This in the face of statistics proving vaccination especially dangerous to infants. In England and Wales only 118 children under five died of small-pox in the thirty-three years ending December 1937, but 291 died of vaccination. Too high a price surely, for a medical superstition that benents only the vaccine interests and the doctors but will one day be as discredited by the profession as is bloodletting, once generally accepted as a panacea. It is understood that Bombay parents who know the facts and decline to have their babies poisoned with vaccine are not usually prosecuted, but how many are they compared with those whose blind faith in the doctors is exploited?

India's indiscriminate acceptance of Western medical views of the moment was understandable up to a point under foreign rule. Will a free India continue in bondage to the vaccination superstition? It is repudiated by a growing number of thoughtful physicians in the West. The English Vaccination Acts were entirely repealed last November, when the National Medical Service Act was passed. Some twenty enlightened English doctors, leaders of the successful opposition in England, signed a "Petition" appealing to Indians to abolish compulsory vaccination here They marshalled proofs of the inefficacy and positive dangers of vaccination and pointed to sanitation and improved diet as the real preventives of small-pox.

That "Petition", we understand, was sent months ago to the Bombay Legislative Assembly. Will no member of that body for the sake of the helpless victims of the existing law, demand open consideration of the facts assembled by the British doctors and move the repeal of the compulsory vaccination law?—Yours, etc.

B. M. HOUGH.

East Africa And The Indians

BY P. P. BALSARA,
Formerly Agent to the Administrator-General, Zanzibar.

For some time past there has been increasing discontent among the Indians of East Africa. The steps taken one by one by the Governments of the British East African territories naturally make them feel doubtful of their future. If we look at the matter in the light of international happenings we will find that under the guise of trusteeship the administrators of these territories are trying to strengthen their hold on those countries and to cling to them for future exploitation since Asia can no longer be exploited to the extent to which the Westerners did before now, and the fears of the Indians are not groundless.

The Arabs are known to have had trade connections with the east coast of Africa from very ancient times. In the eighth century, Mombasa and Malindi were important centres of Arab Power under the suzerainty of the Imams of Oman or Muscat. Late in the fifteenth century, the Portuguese found their way to the East round the Cape of Good Hope, and Vasco de Gama anchored at Mombasa in April, 1498. The east coast of Africa attracted them, and in 1505 Mombasa and Sofala were captured by the Portuguese from the Arabs, and subsequently they secured for a hundred years the monopoly of the Indian Ocean.

Scramble For Africa

The Arabs, fought constantly with the Portuguese to regain their mastery in East Africa, and finally, in 1784 they captured Mombasa and Zanzibar and drove away the Portuguese from that part of Africa. For about a century thereafter the East Africa coast was controlled by the Imam of Muscat whose Viceroy ruled at Zanzibar. The second half of the last century saw the scramble for Africa among the European Powers, and Germany, France, Portugal, Belgium and England all divided the continent among themselves. These European Powers wanted lands from where they could get raw materials for their factories that sprang up as a result of the Industrial Revolution, and which could also serve as markets for their finished goods. Britain came late in the field, but ultimately she got more than the others. At the beginning of the last century only one per cent of the whole of Africa was British territory; today, a full third is within the British Empire, with an area of nearly 40 million square miles and a population of about 50 millions.

British East Africa

Today British East Africa consists of Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika and Zanzibar. Zanzibar, with its Sultan, is a British Protectorate; it has a world monopoly of cloves, although that favourable position of hers is steadily challenged by Madagascar now. Tanganyika territory came to the British after the first World War as a mandate, and its chief products are sisal, cotton and coffee. Uganda is malarious and unhealthy, but it is a big cotton growing country, with sugar and coffee at its next big exports. Kenya, with its healthy highlands, suitable for white settlement, is the chief territory in British East Africa and is a model for other three in every respect, just as the Union of South Africa is the "big brother" of all British possessions in Africa and is followed by them Its chief exports are coffee, sisal, tea and butter

White settlement in Kenya began at the turn of the century and the railway alone made the settlement possible, and the construction of the railway was due solely to Indian labour. The opening up of Uganda was also due to the construction of this railway. After the railway, the middle men and petty shopkeepers were needed to sell the native raw produce to the Europeans and to sell to the Africans the finished goods from Europe. In this week also the Indians were found useful. Then, to run the Government and the big commercial offices, there were the highly paid Europeans at the top, but who would do the work of mere clerks? There also the Indians were found very helpful.

Indians Not Wanted Now

But, today, now that these territories are developed and there is no need for the Indians as was the case in the beginning, attempts are being made to make it difficult for them to stay there. But as the Indians prefer to stay there rather than to return to India where the the economic condition of the people is inferior to that prevalent in those territories attempts are being made to stop further Indian immigration. The initial step was taken a couple of years back, in the midst of the war, to stop Indians from coming to East Africa on the plea that the food situation there required such a step. That restriction was promised to be a war-time measure only. But those who knew the game were convinced that it would be continued even after the war and then fears have proved true.

Room For All

In the last century and in the beginning of the present, the Western Powers wanted colonies for raw materials for their factories and as markets for their finished goods. In British East Africa they followed the Indians to help them as middlemen, clerks and labourers. But at no time did they want the Indians to share the gains with them, if it could be so helped. Now that the Westerners are seeing that the exploitation of the East by them on the old scale is no longer possible, they want to exploit Africa to the fullest. They feel that this big undeveloped continent is good for about two centuries for the purpose of exploitation, and they want it to be exclusively reserved for them. As His Highness the Aga Khan has said the continent is vast and barely the surface is scratched yet and there is room for all if they want to live in harmony. But the westerners do not want to let the Asiatics have even a small share in the gains of Africa nor do they want the Africans to be anything else than their labourers on the farms or in factories, or their customers for the articles they manufacture.

White Supremacy

Two-thirds of Kenya is uninhabited and probably uninhabitable The 16,000 Europeans there own half of the remaining good land, the highlands, the other half being left for the 34,00,000 Africans, the 45,000 Indians being not allowed to share the fertile Highlands with the Europeans. The Africans are burdened with the poll tax and the hut tax and being unable to pay them from their agricultural or other pursuits they are compelled to work on European farms or for European masters. On the whole, thirty per cent of the adult African males of Kenya are in European employment. Segregation is copied by Kenya from South Africa in every sphere. The tariffs, railway and other policies are so farmed as to confer the utmost benefit to the Europeans at the expense of the Africans and others. Not only that, but the European missionaries are also doing their best to establish and maintain the white supremacy and fan anti-Asiatic feelings.

In Tanganyika there are some 52,00,000 Africans, 23,000 Indians and 9,000 Europeans. Being a mandate, the British have not taken much interest to improve it for fear it might have to be given back one day.

Uganda has 2,000 Europeans, 18,000 Indians and 37,00,000 natives. Being unhealthy, European competition is not keen there, but with the gradual development of the colony that competition is bound to be felt.

Zanzibar has an Indian population of 17,000, with 35,000 Arabs and about 3,00,000 natives. The Indians and the Arabs had between them clove monopoly, but under the pretext of safeguarding the interests of the Arabs, the sons of the soil, the clove trade is being managed by the Government to-day.

Importance Of Africa To Britain

Strategically also, East Africa is vital to the British, because in the event of the Suez route being closed the harbour of Kilindini (Mombasa) is very useful on the alternate Cape route. Cecil Rhode's conception of Cape to Cairo-British rule was formed at the end of the last century. To that imperialistic conception was added the necessity of holding on to Africa as Asia was trying to break off the shackles of its European masters. Hence, the different moves of the East Africa Governments directed against the Indians are easily understood by those who look at the problem in the light of world events. When the British Empire was extended and consolidated in the Victorian era, the theory of imperial citizenship, of the freedom of the Queen's subjects to migrate and settle in any part of the Empire, was accepted as a matter of course. But South Africa first denied this imperial citizenship to Indians. The Empire being by that time secure, the other members of the Commonwealth began to follow South Africa. England did not want to desert her old theory, nor did she, at the same time, want to displease her dominions for the sake of India. She, therefore, allowed her dominions who wished to follow anti-Asiatic theory to do so without formal avowal thereof. Indians, as a result, were excluded from some Empire countries not on statutory grounds, but for administrative purposes. This is what had happened in South Africa, and it is being repeated in East Africa to-day.

Jogjivan Ram In Bombay

BOMBAY, Friday: Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Labour Member in the Interim Government, arrived here to-day by plane from New Delhi.

Mr. Jagjivan Ram will leave for Geneva with Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister of Bombay, on June 15 to attend the International Labour Conference.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

NEW DELHI, June 12: The Working Committee of the All-India Majlis-e-Ahrar in a resolution on H.M.G.'s June 3 plan says that it would result in the "political emasculation of Pakistan in the shape of economic and defence alliance. Ahrars have always stood for complete independence and as such the Majlis cannot lend its support to it."

A. P. I.

* * *

The Nizam's 'firman', explaining the reasons for declaring independence says that before making this declaration he has taken into consideration "the divergent views of local political opinion."

86 per cent of the one and 14 per cent of the other, so to speak, which of course works out to 50—50.

* * *

The Standing Committee of the Indian States Peoples' Conference says in its resolution on Hyderabad: "That no State can remain independent on the British withdrawal from India has been made sufficiently clear from the standpoint of international law, as well as historical precedent."

It now becomes imperative that Sir Walter Monkton should offer himself for a further period of retention on the usual fee in order to defend his decision against such attacks.

* * *

As to Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer who must doubtless have noted the Standing Committee's views as also its resolution on Travancore, he should not content himself with a usual press statement on the subject. In fact, there is no course open to him but to order as a precautionary demonstration the full mobilisation of his army, navy and air force.

From a subsequent report, we are glad to gather that he has already taken the first step towards defence preparations by proclaiming a state of siege in Travancore as it were.

* * *

According to a Trivandrum report, the Government of Travancore has instructed District Magistrates to prohibit "meetings and processions likely to lead to a breach of peace."

As Sir C. P. said the previous day he was prepared to face any risks—yes, yes, we also remember like you that Sir C. P. referred to the young Maharaja and not himself—to force independence from India on Travancoreans who, he is satisfied, want it because they desire to declare that they don't want it.

* * *

The Standing Committee of the States' Peoples Conference, we notice, has challenged Sir C.P., "if he has any doubts about the will of the people" to have a referendum.

But he did make a referendum to the people, which is Sir C. P Ramaswamy Iyer; and the result was a unanimous "Yes" to what Sir C. P Ramaswamy Iyer, Dewan and Commander-in-Chief of Travancore, patriot and citizen of the Indian Union proposed.

* * *

Seth Ram Krishna Dalmia has announced his decision to renounce politics that is to say further "active interest in business." He will now concentrate on serving "one world Government" and "humanity" through a chain of newspapers. And as the first item in the programme of "one world Government" service, he would advocate the building in Hindustan of "a pure Hindu state, based on Hindu culture and tradition...."

Splendid. Wah, wah Seth Sahib.

ILL-ADVISED STEP

Munshi On Proposed Declaration Of Independence By Hyderabad And Travancore

BOMBAY, June 13 (A.P.I.): The proposed declaration of independence by Hyderabad and Travancore was characterised by Mr K. M. Munshi as an ill-advised step, in an interview to the U.P.I.

"The people of these so-called independent States", said Mr. Munshi "are inspired by the same national consciousness as the people of the rest of India exclusive of the Pakistan areas. The artificial barriers imposed by these States which in international law, are no more than vassal States of Great Britain are unreal. They will be wiped away as soon as the people of these States take action to restore the unity of India."

Continuing Mr. Munshi said: "Paramountcy is not a bare legal concept. It is based on the power and strength of the Paramount Power to protect the vassal States and whether you call it Paramountcy or anything else, the power to protect is going to be vested in Bharat with its capital at Delhi"

Asked whether the existence of a number of sovereign States would not be a menace to the Indian Republic, Mr. Munshi said: "I do not think so These declarations of independence are mere incidents in India's march towards freedom."

Concluding he said "The people of India—whether in the States or outside—are one. If any movement is started by the States' people for their freedom our heart will naturally be with them. The Rulers cannot resist popular movements in the States with the Republic of India surrounding them".

Socialists Not To Oppose British Plan

But To Work Through Peaceful Methods For Reunion By Mutual Consent

NEW DELHI, June 13 (API).—Mebers of the Socialist Party will not oppose or table amendments to the resolution on H.M.G.'s Plan which will be placed by the Congress Working Committee before the A.I.C.C.

PEACEFUL METHODS

This was made clear at a press conference held today by Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, who presided over the recent meetings of the National Executive of the Socialist Party, and Acharya Narendra Deo, Member of the Executive.

Members of the Party, however, would explain the attitude of the Socialists in terms of the resolution adopted by the National Executive.

Socialists, said Acharya Narendra Deo, were opposed to partition but they would not oppose the Plan "because it has become a fact." They would, however, work through peaceful methods for reunion by mutual consent.

There would be a Socialist single organisation for both Hindustan and Pakistan. There might be local variations but a common policy would be adopted for the whole country, i.e., a policy aimed at the establishment of a Socialist State in India. Mentally, Socialists did not recognise division of the country but for all practical purposes they would have to. "We think," said Acharya Narendra Deo, "that unity can be achieved only through Socialist programmes. The masses of both the parties have common interests and their integration is necessary in the interests of both."

REALIGNMENT OF FORCES

He foreshadowed a swing to the left within the next ten years and expressed the view that after issues arising out of partition, such as boundaries, division of the army and sterling balances, were solved, and peaceful conditions restored, sooner or later there would be a realignment of forces all over India and parties and organisations would come into being on the basis of socio-economic programmes. The Congress had so far been a national front of all sorts of political groups working for the common objective of freedom of India but once that objective was attained and conditions settled down economic problems would obtain priority.

Acharya Narendra Deo said that Socialists would work for a fundamental change in the social structure by peaceful means. "If the state is democratic and functions in a democratic manner, we can achieve our objective."

Dr. Lohia stated that no matter what provocations might come from anywhere, Socialists would like the Indian Union to be a completely secular State with common Indian citizenship for Hindus and Muslims alike with equality before the law. He would not like the Indian Union to be confused by the two nation theory.

WHY SOCIALISTS LEFT A.I.T.U.C.

Dr. Lohia explained at length the implications of the Party's decision to withdraw from the All-India Trade Union Congress, not to join the Indian National Trade Union Congress, and to concentrate on building up a Socialist Trade Union movement. The number of workers who were unionised in the Unions in which Socialists worked numbered about a couple of lakhs. "We do not believe in the false slogan of working class unity because there has not been such a thing as working class unity, particularly in a country such as ours where the trade union movement is very much linked up with all kinds of political questions.

Our idea is to unionise the working class to the largest degree possible not only for their uplift but for training them up for social democracy. We are out to establish healthy democracy in the trade union field. We are neither in the old A.I.T.U.C., which I consider to be a branch of the Communist Party, nor are we joining the I.N.T.U.C. because we have certain legitimate fears that overwhelmed by the immediate problem of increasing production and securing peace and order in the country, the I.N.T.U.C. might take a short view and try to subordinate itself to the need of Government."

At present only about ten per cent of the workers were unionised. The Socialist Party hoped to unionise them to "a degree that has never been achieved in our country."

Dr. Lohia estimated the Socialist Party membership at between seven and eight thousand—all of them active workers. At the moment, the Party was not making any effort at mass enrolment. The qualification for membership were that each member should accept the broad principles of socialism and the policy and programmes of the Party, he should not believe in or observe caste distinctions and he had to put in on an average a minimum of fourteen hours of work per week. The last clause restricted membership.

FORWARD BLOC TO RESIST DIVISION "AT ALL COST"

PATNA, June 12 (API).—Pandit Sheelabhadra Yajee, General Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc told the Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Forward Bloc which met at Jaipur in the district of Bhagalpur that the Forward Bloc would resist the division of India "at all costs" and raise a force of at least ten lakhs (for the Azad Hind Dal) which would work on the lines of the Azad Hind Fauj of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

Pandit Yajee made this statement while explaining the present and future programme of the Forward Bloc.

The Committee passed a resolution reiterating the stand of the Forward Bloc for the establishment of a Union of Socialist Republic of India and rejecting the British Plan of June 3.

Dr. John Matthai addressing the gathering, when he was entertained by the All-India Muslim Chamber of Commerce at the Taj on Thursday.

Matthai Anticipates Early Improvement In Transport System

Political Settlement Encourages Hope, He Says

BOMBAY, Friday.

Dr. John Mathai, Transport Member in the Interim Government said today that the question whether the working of the railways should be managed by a department of the Central Government or by a pool of the best business talents of the country in the form of an independent corporation needed early consideration and could not be "deferred" for long.

Addressing the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, he said that he was always of the belief that the administration of railways in the country should have the benefit of the wisdom, experience and advice of "the best business judgment" available.

Dr. Matthai revealed that attempts were being made to curtail expenditure of "metallurgical coal" to help Indian industries.

He said that the Centre had a scheme for the electrification of 5,000 miles of railways.

Two schemes for production of locomotives had been drawn up but they had not yet reached any definite stage.

Now that the partition issue had been raised, the locations of the contemplated locomotive factories would have to be reconsidered and a final decision, he said, could be taker on the issue only after the verdict of the partition committees.

As regards the unification of railway gauge throughout the country, the Transport Member said that such a venture would mean an "enormous" amount of capital expenditure. The whole of the railway tract would have to be replaced and redisigned. "But the immediate question we have to consider is that of lessening the transport difficulties", he said, pointing out that the railway gauge unification and other problems had been further complicated by the new constitutional proposals.

"I am hoping that the political settlement is bound to reflect itself in the transport position of the country. We are justified in expecting an improvement. In the next few months, we hope to show a slight improvement", he stated.

Maintaining that the recent 6-1/4 per cent increase in rail fares was "not atrocious", the Transport Member quoted figures which showed that his department had to find a revenue of a further 43 crores of rupees on account of the recommendations of the Pay Commission, the increase in coal prices and other factors.

Mr. D. R. Naik, President of the Chamber, welcomed Dr. Matthai and presented the views of the members in a short speech.

SYMPOSIUM ON PARTITION PLAN

League, Mahasabha And Radical Party Representatives Participate

BOMBAY, Friday.

Representatives of the Muslim League, the Hindu Mahasabha and the Radical Democratic Party participated in a political symposium held on the Mountbatten Plan at the "Green's" under the auspices of the Progressive Group this evening.

Mr. Hasan A. Shaikh, President of the Bombay City Muslim League said that he was glad that the British had realised and appreciated the strength of the Muslim nation and conceded its demand for the partition of the country.

Welcoming a separate Constituent Assembly for the Pakistan areas, Mr. Sheikh observed that it would be an example in formulating a constitution not only for the Pakistan but for safeguarding the rights of minorities also.

He added that independence should not mean a change of masters and the continuance of the same "iron hand" rule. True freedom meant rule of majority, not for its exclusive benefit but for the betterment of all citizens.

Characterising the British Plan as "an abject defeat of the Congress", Mr. K. H. Dhamdhere, Bombay Hindu Mahasabha leader, said that India belonged to all communities. Ninety-nine per cent of Muslims were Indians and belonged to India. Mere change of religion could not change nationality.

Concluding Mr. Dhamdhere remarked the problem of minorities was given an unnecessary importance in India. Through ages Hindus had been tolerant to all communities and minorities.

Putting forward the views of the Radical Democratic Party, Prof. A. D. Parikh said that he did not know whether the Pakistan or the Akhand Hindustan would live long. "But I want to live long", he humorously remarked.

Continuing he observed that they had fought and made sacrifices in the struggle against British Imperialists, but the day the British were quitting appeared the blackest in the history of India.

"The Mountbatten Plan is not a creation of Lord Mountbatten or the British. It is a product of Indian nationalism. The semi-religious revivalist nationalism was bound to create minority problem", he observed.

"Let the Plan", the Professor concluded "mark the opening of a new chapter of human freedom and the closing of communal politics in India."

Explosion Shakes Central London

LONDON, June 12, (UPA): A terrific explosion shattered windows and cracked walls in Central London before dawn today the third anniversary of the first flying bomb attack on England.

Early morning workers acting on a war-born reflex flattened themselves on the pavement and then grinned sheepishly at each other.

Later, the Police revealed that thieves had used gelignite in efforts to blow up a two-ton safe in an office in New Bond Street.

MOVE FOR UNITED SOCIALIST EUROPE

Conference To Open In Paris

LONDON, June 13 (IPA): Indian observer delegate from Indian Socialist Group here is likely to attend the Second Conference of the United Socialist Europe Movement in Paris from June 20 to 23. The Conference is being organised by the Seine Federation from French Socialist Party, Secretary Marceau Pivert. It is understood that Mollet National Secretary French Socialist Party desired to call conference on behalf of the entire Socialist Party but was opposed by the Party's Leftwing influenced by the Communists. The Conference will discuss how Europe can unite on a socialist basis, neither be a part of American capitalist nor Russian Communist bloc. All west European Leftwing Socialist groups are attending the Conference including German delegates. British Labour Party is not attending the Conference but watching the development with friendly interest.

Unsuccessful Businessman Commits Suicide

BOMBAY, Friday

Heavy loss sustained in business, it appears, was the reason for suicide of Pandurang Sitaram, residing at Mahim.

Pandurang Sitaram was away from Bombay for nearly two months, staggered home on Wednesday night with sickly visage.

His relatives and neighbours treated him, but he died after a few hours It is believed that he had taken poison to put an end to his life. Inside the coat pocket of the man was found a letter addressed to his Mama, in which he had stated that he sustained heavy loss in business and wanted to commit suicide.

Ascot Royal Hunt Cup Callover

LONDON, June 12 (Reuter). The second callover at the Victoria Club tonight on the Royal Hunt Cup running over seven furlongs at Ascot on June 18, emphasised the very open appearance of the big Ascot handicap. Less than six points separated the first five horses in betting Patchquly, crack French sprinter, again commanded good attention. Installed ten to one favourite at Monday's callover his position was further consolidated when he was backed to win £10,000 taken at nineteen to two and he finished at nine to one. Commissar, last year's Stewards Cup winner, was also backed to win £10,000 jumping to second favourite at hundred to nine. Layers committed themselves to the extent of £20,000 about another French Horse Roi Datout. Taken at twenty to one his final quotation was eighteen to one.

Chagla Accuses Govt. Of Sind

Common Courtesy Demanded That 'We And Our Govt. Should Have Been Consulted Before Introduction Of University Bill'

BOMBAY, Friday.

The attitude of the Government of Sind in not seeking the co-operation of the Bombay University Bill and putting it on the Statute Book was strongly condemned by Justice Mr. M. C. Chagla, Bombay University new Vice-Chancellor, presiding over meeting of the University Senate held in the Convocation Hall this afternoon.

THEIR EXCLUSIVE PREROGATIVE

Mr. Chagla declared in unequivocal terms that to affiliate or not to affiliate a college was the exclusive prerogative of the Bombay University which could not be challenged by any Government other than their own.

Mr. Chagla at the outset reminded the Sind Government that for all these years, even after Sind became a separate province, it was the Bombay University that had been serving the cause of higher education in Sind. The Government of Sind had not made any contribution towards the education of her own children. The Bombay University bore that burden cheerfully, happy in the knowledge that she had atleast the confidence and regard of every educational institution in Sind.

When Sind decided to part company with us, said Mr. Chagla, at least the common courtesy demanded that "we and our Government should have been consulted before the Bill was introduced." Not only was that not done, but even after the Bill was put on the Statute Book, even a copy of it was not sent to them.

Mr. Chagla was sure that if the Sind Government, the Government of Bombay and this university had put their heads together a happy solution would have emerged which would have satisfied all the legitimate claims of Sind It seemed to him however that in this country they had almost forgotten the habit of doing anything by compromise.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY'S DUTY

Elucidating the position arising out of the controversy regarding the Sind University Act the Vice-Chancellor said that he appreciated the desire on the part of the Sind Government to have a university of their own. But at the same time the Bombay University owed a duty to the colleges which were affiliated to it and which happened to have their habitat in Sind It was the duty of those present in the House to afford every facility to those young men and women in Sind who wished to appear for examinations.

The Vice-Chancellor declared in loud and emphatic tone, "I wish to say that to affiliate or not to affiliate a college is the sole prerogative of this university. That prerogative cannot be interfered with or taken by any Government except our own. So long as our colleges in Sind do not to break away from us, and so long as the necessary legislation has not been passed severing the connection the colleges in Sind continue to remain affiliated to us. I might add that my attention has not been drawn to any legislation which severs this connection."

ASSURANCE TO SIND GOVERNMENT

Mr. Chagla concluded, "Both this university and the Sind University wish to work for the same great cause of education. It is the usual boast of politicians to quarrel but there is no reason for the educationists to follow their bad example. I have found in life that one can achieve almost everything if one works in a spirit of compromise and goodwill. I assure the Government of Sind that they will not find this University unresponsive if they genuinely desired a settlement of this unhappy controversy."

DEFICIT BUDGET

The Senate then proceeded to discuss the adoption of annual financial statement including the Budget estimates for the year 1947-48 as moved by Principal N. M. Shah.

The Budget showed a deficit of Rs. 1,42,000 which the Syndicate proposed to meet by effecting an increase in the fees of certain examinations. The increase in fees promised an additional income of Rs. 218,000, which after covering the deficit hoped to give them a surplus of Rs. 85,000.

Criticising the Budget, Mr. B. T. Kulkarni said that the departments of Chemical Technology which took away over a lakh of rupees from the general fund was meant mainly for the benefit of the industrialists. It therefore an arrangement were made whereby funds could be obtained for running this department, from the Millowners' Association and such other associations, it would greatly help in reducing the deficit. He therefore suggested that the Budget estimates should be referred back to a Select Committee.

UNFAIR TO STUDENTS

Mr. M. Y. Donde pointed out that the income accruing from the University Department was Rs. four lakhs as against an expenditure of Rs. seven lakhs. He thought it unfair to throw the burden of Rs. three lakhs on the students for keeping up a department which ought to have been self-supporting.

Mr. Babubhai Patel speaking on the Budget criticised what he called the undemocratic methods of the Syndicate. He pleaded that the back benches in the Senate should also be taken into confidence by the syndicate.

The discussion on the Budget was not over when the House rose for the day.

Earlier, the Vice-Chancellor put on record the loss sustained by the University through the sad demise of Prin. Bazlur Rahman of the Ismail College, Andheri. As a mark of respect to the late educationist the meeting observed a two-minute silence, the whole House standing.

The Vice-Chancellor also referred to the meritorious services rendered by Sir Homanji Wadia, the retiring Vice-Chancellor.

Mr. Mangaldas B. Mehta was elected a member of the Syndicate in the place of Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla who has been appointed as the Vice-Chancellor. Other unsuccessful candidates for the place were Mr. P. R. Awati, Mr. Jyotindra M. Mehta and Mr. N. V. Modak, Special Engineer Bombay Municipality.

Mr. S. V. Aiya, Mr. V. A. Apte and Mr. Sankalchand M. Shah were appointed on the Board of Accounts for one year.

The Senate will meet again at 11-30 a.m. to-morrow (Saturday).

An 'Apsara' Passes

The story of a woman who with the breath of her enthusiasm fanned to flames the dying embers of the art of Indian Dance, till the rosy glow suffused the entire world—A four page pictorial in next, Bombay Chronicle Weekly.

The Tenant At No. 10.

The enigma that is Attlee. Is he a man of straw or a man of steel"

Fine Feathers Make Tough Birds

The remarkable connection between the colour of plumage and the taste of the flesh—of course this is no fare for vegetarians!

The Apostle Of Revolt

Portrait of the late Deshabandhu, C. R. Das, the visionary and dreamer who was obsessed with a zeal for destruction.

What Are You Fit For?

Kamaladevi on the crying need for vocational guidance:

All In One Issue Of The BOMBAY CHRONICLE

Weekly

Sunday June 15

PRETEXT FOR BR. TROOPS' STAY IN KASHMIR!

LONDON, June 13, (I.P.A.): That Britain is likely to use Sinkang troubles as a pretext for remaining in Kashmir is the opinion among Chinese democratic circles here.

Reports published here emanating from British sources in India state that the important town of Kashgar was threatened by Mongol's cavalry moving along the main Kashgar Road near the Russian border. The move would give them a commanding position near the junction of Afghanistan and Kashmir and Chitral.

Soviets are believed to be establishing a new frontier guard along the Chinese Pamir border I.P.A. understands that Lord Mountbatten's Kashmir visit and the fothcoming meeting with Field Marshall Montgomery relate to the future of British defence of northern India.

CHINESE GOVT. LOSE TWO RAIL TOWNS

But Claim Recapture Of Kaiping: Communists Destroy Three Rly. Bridges

NANKING, June 13, (Reuter): Fighting between Chinese Government forces and Communists has broken out again the outskirts of Szepingkai, a Manchurian rail centre midway between Mukden and Changchun.

Communist forces are shelling Government positions and attacking the Nationalist forces, according to semi-official reports received here today.

The Communists are reported to be concentrating artillery fire on the airfield and railway station while nationalist aircraft are assisting the garrison in the defensive operations. It is estimated that 20,000 Communist troops, massed on the east and southwest of Szepingkai, are preparing to join in the fighting.

Government sources today admitted the loss of Fengcheng and Antung, important rail town 95 miles and 120 miles south-east of Mukden but claimed the recapture of Kaiping on the Mukden-port, Arthur line, about 65 miles north of Pulantien.

Meanwhile, despatches from Tientsin reported that the harassing operations by Chinese Communists along the north China railway toook a more concentraion form during the night with destruction of three railway bridges between Peiping and Tientsin.

Chinese Defence Minister Flying To Sinkiang Province

NANKING, June 12 (U.P.A.): Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek today ordered National Defense Minister Gen. Pai Chun-hsi to fly to Sinkiang province in an attempt to consolidate the scattered Chinese forces as Outer Mongolian troops were reported to have thrown tanks into their lightning battle for Peitashan.

An official military report from the headquarters of Gen. Sung Hsilien, Commander of the Nationalist troops in Sinkiang, said that the Outer Mongolian invasion is apparently aimed at Kuchengtze, only 95 miles east of the capital Urumchi and 110 miles from the Outer Mongolian frontier post. The report said that reinforced Chinese troops [illegible] captured Peitashan.

A Defense Ministry spokesman in Nanking said that the Outer Mongolians were using tanks and had apparently been reinforced by one Cavalry battalion which had penetrated Chinese territory on June 2.

The semi-official Central News Agency reported from Urumchi that Peitashan had been bombed and strafed daily by planes with Soviet markings.

Military observers pointed out that the Outer Mongolian Republic is dominated by Communists and uses the same insignia as the Soviet Republic.

The Foreign Minister Wang Shihchieh, who yesterday instructed the Chinese Ambassador in Moscow to protest to both the Soviet and Outer Mongolian governments, told the Legislative Yuan today that the incident "does not constitute a serious threat to Chinese sovereignty."

'SALESMANSHIP' COURSE FOR RAILWAY STAFF

Training For Courtesy Towards Travelling Public; Dr. Matthai Reveals Plan

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Central Government was contemplating the training of the subordinate staff of the railway administration in "railway salesmanship" the main aspect of which would be the inculcation of a spirit of courtesy towards the travelling public, Dr. John Matthai, Transport Member, told the Committee of the Passengers and Traffic Relief Association on Friday evening.

He said that the recent Bombay conference of the General Managers of the railways discussed the question and favoured intensive trainning to that end.

Dr. Matthai answering suggestions made by Mr. Jamshed J. J. Cursetji, President of the Association, said, "as an expitation of the charges levelled against us", that subordinate railway staffs in the various parts of the country had borne enormous strain during the war years and that they were now suffering from "war-weariness." Hence, any charges of "discourtesy" against them should be viewed in that light and proper allowances made in their favour. His department had recently issued a series of instructions to them "for courteous delaings with the consumers."

Referring to the need for the amalgamation and regrouping of railways in contiguous areas the Transport Member said: "Now that the constitutional questions are in the melting pot, we will have to wait The question will depend on the territorial partition and the division of assets and liabilities. But I am convinced that amalgamation and regrouping of railways in contiguous areas is one of the ways of developing the efficiency of and effecting the economy in the railway administration."

Communal Tension Rises Again In Amritsar: 4 Killed

AMRITSAR, June 12 (API.) A setback in the communal situation in Amritsar occurred today when 4 persons were killed in incidents which took place at various places in the city. Six cases of arson were reported from different localities and three persons were stabbed. Markets quickly closed as a result of panic and tension.

The night passed off without any incident but during the day a tonga driver was murdered in Bazar Chelli Khui. The police shot dead a person when the body of the driver was being burnt in the bazar. Police and military rounded up 37 men from this locality.

Towards noon a municipal accounts clerk was stabbed in Tahlisahib. The police shot dead a person on suspicion as he was trying to escape towards Santokhsar. Twelve men were taken into custody from this area.

A resident of Kucha Chhajjumiser was seriously hit with a bottlebomb in a neighbouring bazar of Chamanmandi. Police arrested 70 men from this locality.

A compounder of a doctor was stabbed in Kucha Khaiwala. The police caught the alleged assailant red-handed. A knife was recovered from him.

A body was received from the Batala Road, four miles from here

Fresh cases of arson were reported from Kucha Saeewala Katra Bhai Santsingh inside Luhgarh Gate near Jallianwalabagh, and Katra Shersingh.

More police reserves have arrived here from Ferozepur, Jullundur Hoshiarpur and Rohtak.

There was a bomb explosion inside Lohgarh but no damage was caused.

CURFEW IN LAHORE

LAHORE, June 12 (API.) The District Magistrate, Lahore has extended the curfew in certain areas for further period of ten days from 14th of June till June 24.

The restricted hours will remain from 7-30 p.m. to 6-0 a.m.

4 HOUSES BURNT

Four more cases of arson have been reported up to 7 p.m. when three houses were set on fire in Katra Shersingh. One house was burnt in Lohgarh areas.

3 More Dacoity Case Accused Arrested

BOMBAY, Friday.

The police arrested on Thursday three more members of a gang alleged to have relieved Dr. R. Vaidya, at point of revolver, of a hand bag containing 125 tolas of gold, worth Rs. 12,500.

They are Parsuram Bhawoo Narhari Gangaram and Sheik Abdul Raid Fakirsab In this connection five accused had already been arrested.

Police enquiries show that of these three accused No. 1 and 2 were the chief instigators in the commission of the crime.

It was further stated that from a box found in the room of accused No. 3 two gold chains weighing 4½ tolas have been recovered.

Mr. G. G. Rege, Presidency Magistrate. Esplanade Police Court ordered the accused to be remanded in police custody.

ALLEGED RIOT-MONGER ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Friday.

Abdulla Mohidin was arrested on Wednesday by the Anti-Corruption Branch C.I.D., as he was alleged to have been carrying on communal propaganda.

Following a search of his shop and house, on Wednesday, the Police it is stated, found a dagger, a clasp knife and a loaded stick.

His safe was searched and a sum of Rs. 77,491/10/- was found.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate. Esplanade Police Court ordered the accused to be released on bail.

Jews Break Into Reuter's Office

JERUSALEM, June 13 (Reuter): Reuter's office in the heart of Tel Aviv was raided by Jewish terrorists last night.

Terrorists forced the staff to lie on the floor while they removed two typewriters and a telephone

Mr Max Liedman, Reuters teleprinter operator in Tel Aviv after being clubbed by Jewish terrorists, teleprinted this message: "I was working in the office when three young men brandishing revolvers entered. They ordered me and a teleprinter mechanic to lie on the floor. We got down. While we were there between eight and ten other people—including two girls—arrived. They took away one portable typewriter disconnected the telephone and removed it. Before they left I heard one of them saying: Put a bomb behind the door."

The terrorists got away with two typewriters, one duplicator and a telephone set—propaganda material needed by the underground at the moment.

A violent explosion shattered dairy premises in Haifa last night and caused considerable damage in the neighbourhood. There were no casualties.

IFTIKHAR AHMED DEFEATED

BECKENHAM, June 13 (Reuter).—Iftikhar Ahmed (India) was beaten by O. Sidwell (Australia) 6-2, 6-1 in the semi-finals of the men's singles in the Kent Lawn Tennis Championships here today.

Sir. Malcolm's Bid To Beat Speed Record Postponed

CONISTON (LANCASHIRE), June 13 (Reuter): Sir Malcolm Campbell today decided to postpone for about a month the attempt to beat his own world speed record on water of 141.74 miles per hour.

His jet-propelled boat "Blue Bird II" will be taken to portsmouth for further tests to correct "snaking"—swerving off the course—which marred try outs on Coniston water yesterday and today.

"MILK"

REMINDER

(SUPPLY DURING JULY)

Existing consumers and new entrants to the Government Milk Distribution Scheme are reminded that they can renew their Milk Cards or obtain new ones for the month of July from the Milk Centres up to morning of 16th June, 1947.

The price of milk for July will be 13 annas per seer.

Further particulars may be had at the Milk Centres.

D. N. KHURODY
Milk Commissioner,
Bombay.

ANNOUNCEMENT

THE DIGVIJAY TILES & POTTERIES LTD., JAMNAGAR, have the pleasure to announce that they are manufacturing superior and uniform quality of CUPS & SAUCERS and TEA SETS, JARS, FIRE-BRICKS ETC., of various sizes and designs.

THE COMPANY DESIRES TO SELECT AND APPOINT A SOLE DISTRIBUTOR FOR THEIR PRODUCTS.

INVITATION is hereby given to interested parties to state their best terms for the SOLE DISTRIBUTORSHIP of the products of The Digvijay Tiles & Potteries Ltd., Jamnagar so as to reach the Company at the following address before 30th June, 1947.

Address:
THE DIGVIJAY TILES & POTTERIES LTD.,
Post Box No. 2, JAMNAGAR.

AID FOR THE RED CORPUSCLES

Only by direct action on the red blood corpuscles and the liver, can the toning up and purification of the whole system take place. Livergen tonic vitaliser for the blood does precisely this.

LOUD TONE
SONGSTER NEEDLES
see band is unbroken
SONGSTER GRAMOPHONE NEEDLES
CONTROLLED PRICES
Steel Needles per tin of 200 Rs.1/4
Bronze Pickup per tin of 100 Rs.1/-
Golden Pickup per tin of 100 Rs.2/-
SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA
SCOTT & PICKSTOCK LTD.,
11, BRITISH INDIAN STREET, CALCUTTA, INDIA
J. STEAD & CO. LTD. SHEFFIELD. Eng.

FOR SALE
NEW STEEL TANKS
having
800 Gallons Capacity
most useful for
PETROL—OIL and WATER
For further details see
NATIONAL GARAGE LIMITED
Opp. Mahalaxmi Temple,
BOMBAY—26.

GILT-EDGED INVESTMENT THAT SURELY AND STEADILY ADDS TO YOUR CAPITAL
Available in Convenient value of Rs 10/- 50/- 100/- and 1,000/-
Rs. 91/8/- invested to-day brings Rs. 100/- on maturity.
An Ideal Gift for all Occasions.
Purchase from the nearest branch:
THE HINDUSTAN COMMERCIAL BANK LTD.
H.O. CAWNPORE.

GANDHI ASTROLOGER

Health, Wealth, Journey etc., Lucky numbers, days, by monthly details 1 year Rs. 5, Weekly Rs. 15 Five questions Rs. 2. V. P. As. 5 States sex, age and writing time Hanuman Jothisha Ashrama, Tirutani S. India.

HOMOEO BOOK
Dr. Gregg's Consumption
Rs. 8/-.
Dr. Penelli's "Typhoid" Symptomatic indication added by Dr. Hering will be out shortly.
SETT DEY & CO.,
40 A, Strand Road,
CALCUTTA.

CURRENT

'Samrat Ashok' Awaiting Release

Awaiting early release in Bombay is K. B. Lall's historical picture 'Samrat Ashok'. Produced under the banner of Bombay Cinetone and directed by K. B. Lall, this picture is reported to have been made at a cost of about twelve lakhs of rupees and it took two years in the making at Prabhat Studios, which is noted for its spectacular sets and high tecnique.

This picture stars such well-known artistes as Veena, Shamim, Sapru, Ulhas, Husn Banu and thereby ensures a high standard of acting. The film depicts in terms of strong drama the story of a great tyrant and dictator who under the influence of a Buddhist maiden became the greatest apostle of love and peace. This story of Ashok's transformation has clearly a moral for today.

"Anmol-Ghadi"

MEHBOOB PICTURE STILL GOING STRONG

Mehboob Productions' latest musical offering "Anmol Ghadi" which is running simultaneously at Majestic and Super since the last eight weeks, is collecting packed houses for each and every show. This speaks sufficiently of the great popularity of the film.

The picture has a unique contribution in sweet songs and pleasant music. Naushad scores through his musical contributions, while Aga Jan Kashmiri shines through his thematic dialogues. Faredoon Irani is responsible for the photographic excellence of this picture.

Nurjehan, Surendra, Suraiya, Zahur Raja, Lila Misra share the acting honours in the leading roles.

"Sindoor"

AN OUTSTANDING "SOCIAL"

Filmistan's social screen-play, "Sindoor", produced and directed by the veteran artiste and playwright, Kishore Sahu, enters the second week of its successful run at the Roxy. Co-starring beautiful Shamim with Kishore Sahu himself in the leading role, the film unfolds a tough problem of the Indian domestic life in general and of the Hindu household in particular. Shamim play her role with complete understanding of the character she has been entrusted with and Kishore Sahu puts in a performance outstanding in his admirable screen career. The inimitable Paro gives a charming performance as a coquette and the rest of the cast includes tried artistes like Pratima Devi, Rajendra and Ramesh Gupta. Excellent photography by Chandu and beautiful song hits accompanied by Khemchand Prakash's melodious music are the highlights of the picture which provides a rich feast of entertainment.

Ulhas in "Samrat Ashok".

HAMARA SCREEN

Lalita and Anjali Hora in 'Nritya Manjari.'

"Parwana"

PICTURE ENJOYS ALL-INDIA POPULARITY

Reports from Delhi indicate that Jeet Productions' 'Parwana' has proved a record success in the capital of India; and its collections in Delhi, Lahore, Karachi and Bombay testify to its all-India popularity.

Apart from nine songs, five of which are sung by Saigal and four by Suraiya, and two dances, the main attraction of "Parwana" is its human story of great psychological interest. It analyses human relationships between husband and wife and man and woman in a sympathetic manner and shows how petty jealousies and lack of moral faith in oneself leads to disastrous tragedies. The tragedy of a jealous wife and an unsophisticated girl, both drawn to the same man is turned into a fine piece of motion picture drama. The credit for it is shared jointly by director J. K. Nanda, stars Saigal, Suraiya, Najma and author Madhok.

NRITYA MANJARI AT EXCELSIOR

Mr. Yogendra Desai will present Smt. Anjali Hora, Smt. Lalita and S. V. Sarda, talented disciples of Sri. Rukmini Devi, in "Nritya Manjari" at the Excelsior Theatre at 9-30 a.m. tomorrow under the auspices of "Ras Rang."

Smt. Anjali, till lately well-known as Baby Anjali, had shown outstanding dancing talents at an age surprisingly young. Conscious of her genius her parents gave her training in various classical Indian dances under several well-known Gurus. In 1944 she joined Rukmini Devi's Kalakshetra at Adyar, Madras. Having gone through rigorous training for three years she finished her dancing course which generally takes six years to finish. Having thus got the diploma of "Arangetal" from Rukmini Devi, with her blessings she is appearing for the first time on Bombay stage to show her pure Bharat Natya Dances. With her are the two most outstanding pupils of Rukmini Devi A. Sharda and S. V. Lalitha who also have undergone years of training. Kalakshetra orchestra will accompany them.

"Samaj Ko Badaldalo"

TALE OF A SOCIAL REVOLUTIONARY

Director Vijaya Bhatt's social, "Samaj Ko Badal Dalo", which is running for the second week at Opera House, is one big plea for overhauling and reorientation of Indian social traditions. The plea is very well put through the personality of Kishor—a modern youth whose heart is burning with an intense desire to get a readjustment of his ideas and ideals in view of the tremendous changes—mental and social—that have come over the world during the last fifty years. Hindu society has remained more or less static, adhering with an almost religious sense to the conventions and traditions established a century back. The modern youth's stern determination to mend or end this state of things is very feelingly and, therefore, realistically put forward on the screen by Aroon in the role of Kishor.

In this picture Aroon establishes himself as actor who can make the role living by his understanding and perception. Director Vijaya Bhatt deserves credit for drawing out the latest histrionic talents of Aroon.

Music by Khemchand Prakash shows how well can music be used in the films to lend force to the situations in the film.

'PATHAN' PLEADS FOR UNITY

As weeks pass, the theatre-goers are realizing the uniqueness of Prithvi Theatres' fine play 'Pathan.' In these days when everybody is talking of division, this play seems to sound the only hopeful note of unity—unity which is more deep and fundamental than any economic, political or social barriers can demolish. Indeed, in terms of realistic drama and human story 'Pathan' emphasizes the fundamental fact that in ultimate analysis the two great communities of India are like brothers and their unity is bound to withstand all political onslaught.

Flawlessly produced, and ably enacted, 'Pathan' is a specimen of stagecraft that truly enrich the Indian stage.

PHOTOPLAYS

"Shahjehan"

UNWANING POPULARITY OF KARDAR PRODUCTION

Having run for four weeks simultaneously at two theatres, Novelty and Imperial, and having made an event in each, "Shahjehan", Kardar's brilliant production, has turned out to be the greatest hit of the season, with an unsurpassed box-office record.

The story is the dramatisation of the strange incidents that led to the creation of that immortal "poem in marble"—the Taj.

A cynical, devil-may-care poet, sees Roohi, the fair ward of a Rajput warrior. From that day she becomes the one and only object of his thoughts, and the music and the verse of the poet spread the tale of her beauty like wild fire, till Shirazi, the great architect from Iran, hears of it on the very borders of the country to which he is travelling. Events, shaped once again by that fickle flirt, Destiny, lead Shahjehan, the Mughal Emperor, to promise the hand of Roohi to both the Architect and the Poet. The drama rapidly unfolds itself in tragedy after tragedy and ultimately leads to the strange incidents that give birth to the conception of the immortal mausoleum at Agra.

The picture has been cast with Saigal as Suhel, the cynical poet, Jairaj as Shirazi, the creator of the Taj, and Kanwar and Ragini as the Emperor and queen. The restrained yet consummate performance of each go a long way to the unique success of the picture. The settings and costumes leave little to be desired. Mr. Kardar may legitimately take pride in the knowledge that he has lived up to the expectations of both the industry and the public.

FIRST 16 MM. STUDIO AND THEATRE

The first 16 mm. portable studio and theatre have been brought to India by Nava Zankar Productions. As a result it will be now possible to picturize any social event, religious ceremonies and produce instructional and documentary shots at a very cheap price; similarly it will be now possible to exhibit eventful films and educational shorts in any hall.

Nava Zankar Productions are at the moment concentrating on the classic Indian music. They have already produced a film-version of the famous story 'Shahnai' of Bismillah and Nandlal; they have made a film of Mrs. Hirabai Barodekar's concert and have plans to make similar film concerts of other musicians and singers of all-India fame. This venture is naturally expected to break new grounds in the Indian film industry.

Kanwar as Shahjehan

Untainted Glamour!

A SELECTION OF EXQUISITE BEAUTY AIDS IS MADE UNHURRIEDLY AND PLEASANTLY IN THE HOME. WOMEN OF TASTE WELCOME THE GLOWING FRESHNESS AND SKIN APPEAL OF

AFGHAN SNOW

ESP THE MARK OF EXCELLENCE
Patanwala
FOR
PERFUMES & COSMETICS

THE TALCUM THAT KEEPS BABY'S SKIN SMOOTH & LOVELY

Cussons
WHITE CROSS
BABY POWDER

The famous toilet products of Cussons of England are distributed throughout India by Muller and Phipps (India) Limited, Bombay and branches.

From the banks of the mighty Kistna down to Cape Comorin, tea is gaining new adherents.
The people of South India choose Brooke Bond teas because of their freshness, as do most drinkers of tea throughout India.

Brooke Bond
Two Leaves and a Bud

INTERNATIONAL COTTON POSITION

Danger Of Tense Supply Situation By 1948

WASHINGTON, June 11 (UPA)

The International Cotton Committee published a report to-day on the world cotton situation which says that if consumption continues to outrun production during the coming years, as it has in the past season, a tense supply situation could develop in 1948.

WORLD FIGURES

The report was released as members of the 24-nation committee prepared to conclude its sixth annual conference. It is estimated that world consumption for the year ending July 31 would be 27,500,000 bales compared to the pre-war average of 29,000,000 bales, but added that production for the year ending July 31 was not expected to exceed 21,500,000 ables. It said this would leave the world stocks by August 1 at about 17,500,000 or 8,000,000 bales which could be considered a substantial carryover were it not for the fact that consumption and production was far out of balance.

It noted the consumption in importing countries—the United Kingdom, continental Europe, Canada, China, Japan, Southeast Asia, Australia, Chile, Colombia, Cuba and other small Latin American nations—was likely to consume in the present season not more than 9,000,000 bales compared to the pre-war consumption of 15,500,000 bales.

TERRIFIC DEMAND

It also noted that this quantity had to satisfy the terrific domestic demand of these countries as well as provide some textile exports necessary for the re-establishing of credit positions. It said that on the other hand the exporting countries—the United States, Argentine, Brazil, Mexico, Peru, Egypt, India and Turkey were expected to consume in the year ending July 31, 15,000,000 to 15,500,000 bales compared to 10,500,000 bales or less in the pre-war years.

It said that the question is whether normal importers who re-exported cotton as textiles can regain a place in the world cotton trade or must relinquish the place to exporters. It said, "It is conceivable that the trend of adjustments in the two groups of countries may proceed in divergent directions through situations within each group which are complex.

EXPORT POSSIBILITIES

"In many importing countries the civilian needs generally are far short of being supplied but there nevertheless is hope of regaining or enlarging the export trade in textiles", the report declared. It said that progress is being made in the United Kingdom, Europe and the Far East in solving power, labour and materials shortages and though much remains to be done —"the markets are becoming alert to the indications of a softening in demand as replenishment advances and as competition returns to the textile export trade."

Regarding stocks, the report said that the United Kingdom is only one of the importing countries which has maintained home stocks at high level, "largely by moving in cotton acquired in earlier years and held in the countries of production." It said that the United States, India, Argentina, Mexico and Peru will have "only moderate" carryover stocks by August 1.

The report said that regarding foreign trade, "it seems certain credit operations will figure actively" until there is a more general recovery in world production and purchasing power."

It did not estimate what effect continued present prices might have on importing countries' programmes, although United States market futures were now down six cents.

WOOL BILL MAY UPSET INTERNATIONAL TRADE NEGOTIATION

WASHINGTON, June 12. (UPA): Secretary of State George Marshall told the press today that the Wool Bill approved by the House-Senate conferences yesterday, might upset the international trade negotiations at Geneva.

Marshall objected to provisions in the Bill which make possible wool tariff increases or the imposition of quota limits on wool imports. He said that if the Bill becomes law it certainly would complicate the work at Geneva. It would make the task of fashioning trade agreements conducive to world peace much harder, if not impossible.

Marshall would not say, however, whether he would recommend a Truman veto.

The State Department later made public a letter to Senator George D. Aiken, a Republican of Vermont, dated June 4, in which he said the tariff quota provision of the Wool Bill would raise further barriers to international trade at a time when the Government is trying to avert "a serious conflict in the world economic field." Marshall attached to the letter a note which had been received from former Secretary of State Cordell Hull and from former Secretary of State and War Henry L. Stimson.

Hull said that an increase in tariff on wool 'would seriously endanger the success of the negotiations now going on at Geneva.' He said any weakening of the reciprocal trade agreements act "would be tragic."

Stimson said, "To the other nations now watching for proof of American sincerity and unity, it would be a shocking indication that the policy of the United States can at any time be shackled by a sort of economic shortsightedness for which all the world paid so dearly in recent years".

U. S. GOLD STOCKS ADVANCE

WASHINGTON, June 12. (UPA): The Federal Reserve Board today reported that the U. S. gold stock passed the 21,000,000,000 dollar mark for the first time since July 19, 1944, on Wednesday night as more Latin American countries sold earmarked holdings to increase their supplies of dollars. The rise in gold stocks during the week ended June 11th amounted to 36,000,000 dollars which brought the total to 21,026,000,000 dollars.

Money in circulation declined 8,000,000 to 28,253,000 dollars.

WESTINGHOUSE

Steel Shares Decline On Long Liquidation

SCATTERED SELLING IN COTTON MARKET

Buillion Market Steady On Better Support

BOMBAY, June 13.

The Share Bazar opened quiet today and during the early part declined on moderate liquidation but at the decline there was renewed buying and the market easily recovered lost ground. As pointed out before lower levels attracted buyers in Steel shares while cotton textile shares moved within a narrow range.

Later on there was renewed selling as traders want to be sure of labour position at Jamshedpur.

Tata Steel Dfd shares opened at Rs. 2012 and declined at Rs. 1985 under moderate realising but recovered at Rs. 2012 on professional support, Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 392 and after declining at Rs. 389 rallied at Rs. 391, Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1060 and improved at Rs. 1085, Kohinoors opened at Rs. 635 and after declining at Rs. 630 steadied at Rs. 633, Simplex opened at Rs. 348 and after touching Rs. 345 improved at Rs. 348, Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 632 and after declining at Rs. 628 advanced at Rs. 633, Central Bank shares were done at Rs. 98 while Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 32/6.

	Range. Rs.	Difference. Rs.
Tata Steel Dfd.	35	—60
Tata Steel Ord.	5/8	— 8
Dyeing	27/8	— 2/8
Kohinoor	20	—13
Swadeshi	14	+ 4
Nagpur	3	— 2
Simplex	7	— 3
New Great	7	+ 3
Gokak	6	— 2
Indore	10	— 1/4
Burma	6	— 6/4

Thereafter there was renewed liquidation which resulted in a setback and Tata Steel Dfds were quoted at Rs. 1980 while Ordinary shares were steady, Bombay Dyeings quietened at Rs. 1065 while other counters were steady with narrow changes. The market closed quiet.

MILL SHARES.

Bombay Dyeing 1072/8 Kohinoor 629 Swadesi 634 Nagpur 307 Simplex 346 New Great 368 Gokak 318 Indore 558/12 Century 900 Colaba 225 I Bleaching 152 Swan 354 Finlay 309 Morarji 595 Edwards 680 Meyer 221/4 Apollo 4/4/6 I. U. Ord. 16/8 I. U. Dfd. 3/1 Madhusudan 305 Poddar 340 Khatau 300.

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 388/8 Tata Steel Dfd. 1980 Second Pref. 165.

CEMENT

Associated Merger 174.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 481/4 Bellapur 269 Shivrajpur 38 Scindia 32/6 Construction 202 Tata Chemical 14/4 Tata Oil 76/4 Indian Iron 34/14 Bengal Steel 28/12.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ordinary 114/12 Tata Hydro 173 Andhra 1562/8 Tata Power 1660.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 87 Phoenix 1177/8 India Manufacturing 3700 Koorla 290 Dawn 1602/8 David 147/8 New City 230 Minerva 205 Bradbury 630 Bharucha (Defd.) 8 Bharat 53/4 Mysore 300 Madhavji 17 Model 196/4 Laxmi 1600 Vishnu 610 Western 3600 Standard 562/8 Sholapur 6120 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 3600 Tata 79/8 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 80 New Union 17/4 Madhusudan B 60 Shrinivas 350 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 375 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 68.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 161/4 (New) 106/14 Surat 243/12 New Pref 140 Karachi 132/8 Broach 12/1 Almer 13/8 Amalgamated 20/4 Jaigaon 14/12 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 202/8 Bombay Suburban 202/8 Bombay Suburban (New) 164/10.

BANK SHARES.

Reserve 120/8 Imperial 2235 P. P. 553/12 Central X. R. 98/8 Coupon 23 India 230 Union 11 Baroda 169 Habib 160 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 81/8 Jaipur 60 Hindustan Com. 47 Mysore 460 Exchange (Ordy.) 53 Eastern 105.

INSURANCE.

Oriental X. D. 5550 Empire 865 New India 83 Jupiter 34 Vulcan 16 Indian Mercantile 57/8 Universal Fire 18 Vasant 22/4 British India General 22 Industrial Prudential 40 Neptune 13/6 New Great 27 All-India General 31.

RAILWAYS.

O. P. 110 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 119 Pachora 101

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 600 Steamer 537/8 Burma New 168/12 Burma Petrol 4/3 Mackenzie 185 Port Canning 76 Kemp 475 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Investment Trust 103 Wimco X. R. 275 Dharamsey Chemical 36 Mukund Iron 11/4 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 310 United Motor 65 A. C. C. New 54/8 Bombay Safe Deposit 825.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 209/6 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1635 Tata Power 1415 Hydro 136/4 Bombay Steamer 315 Nagpur 685 Swadeshi 150 Vishnu 805 Laxmi 302/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 123/2 Bradbury 550 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 123 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 116/4 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 18 Supreme 120.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/8 B. I. C. 10/2 Burma Corporation 4/10 New Victoria 5/4 New Victoria Preference 7/4 Raja 31 Phalton 110 Gold Mohur 370 New Kaiser-i-Hind 400 Sajjan 290 Osmanshahi 280 Ajamshahi 250 Air Services 15 Air India 180 Birla Motor 8/8 Marshal 8.

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, June 13.

The Bullion market was again steady with a slightly improved demand for silver while gold fluctuated within a narrow range with restricted business.

Ready silver opened at Rs. 170/2 and advanced at Rs. 170/12 on speculative buying and short covering. Ashad gold opened at Rs. 112/2 and improved at Rs. 112/4 with small buying. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 112/12 and sovereigns were placed at Rs. 72/4.

There was further moderate buying and ready silver improved at Rs. 171/3 and Ashad gold came in business at Rs. 112/6.

The market closed as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	171	0	0
Ready Gold	112	12	0
Ashad Gold	112	0	0
Sovereigns	72	8	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, June 13.

The produce market was fairly steady after yesterday's spurt. There was moderate realising in Castorseeds but professionals supported the market. The general feeling is moderately bullish, Castorseeds September delivery opened at Rs. 142/6 and declined at Rs. 140/8 but rallied at Rs. 141/4, Linseed July August was quoted at Rs. 27/10.

Later on the market was steady. Some shippers were buying. Groundnuts Khandesh quality Rs. 31/12, Koromandal Rs. 30/14 and Bold Rs. 30/10. Groundnut Oil Bombay Mills ready Rs. 19. June Rs. 18/6 and July Rs. 18/12. Castorseeds September Rs. 140/12. Linseed July-August Rs. 27/11 and September Rs. 28. It is said that agents of quota holders countries are mostly buying from foreign firm and Indian shippers do not get in their part of business.

Wall Street Anticipates New Overall Economic Plan

NEW YORK, June 12 (UPA).—Wall Street, reading the news from Ottawa Canada, where President Truman conferred with Prime Minister W. L. Mackenzie King, along with recent meetings in Europe, anticipated today some new overall economic plan for the salvation of the indebted areas of the world.

It was felt in some quarters that one step in any new plan, will bring a change in the United States gold-buying price — as suggested by the South African Gold Mine Director, Joseph Milne — although the possibility of such a development has been dismissed by Secretary of the Treasury John W. Snyder.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 12.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	93-3/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	112-5/16
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	105-3/4
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	118-3/8
Victory Bonds 4 p c	120-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	12-1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (Lon. Reg.)	116
National Bank of India	36

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, June 13.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/3 4/4 4/3 4/4 4/3 4/4/6 Bharat 53/4 B. Dyeing 1065 60 62/8 57/8 87/8 70 77/8 72/8 C. India 307 8 6 9 7 E. Textiles 670 80 Elphinstone (Ord.) 87 Elphinstone (Pref.) 122/3 21/14 22/8 Finlay 309 13 10 15 9 Gokak 314 19 16 18 17 20 17 15 I. U. (Defd.) 3/1 3/2/6 3/1 I. U. (Ord.) 16/8 16/7 16.9 16/7 16/12 16/10 16/11 16/8 Indore 560 50 60 55 60 58/12 Kohinoor 637 32 37 27 30 27 32 30 32 28 34 32 34 32.23 31 29 Meyer 227/8 21/4 Minerva 206 New Great 365 61 58 Podar 340 Simplex 348 50 43 48 45 48 45 46 Swadeshi 633 42 28 35 34 Tata Mills 80 79/8 Vishnu 610

BANKS.

Baroda 169 66 69 Central 98/8 99/8 98 98/8 Imperial (Old) 2250 52/2 35 Imperial (New) 552/8 53/12 50 53.12 India 229 30 Reserve 120 21 20/8 Union 10/9 11 U. Commercial 80 81 80/8 82 81/8

ELECTRIC.

B. Tram (Ord.) 113/8 13 14 13/8 14/12 B. Tram (Pref.) 50 Hydro 173 Andhra Valley (Pref.) 1375 77.8 Power 1650 60

INSURANCE.

Oriental 5550 (Ex. Div.) New India 80/8 83

STEAMER.

B. Steam 545 35 37/8 Sindia 32/6 32/2 32/10 32 32/10 23/6

STEEL.

B. Steel 29/8 28/12 29 28/12 I. Iron 35/8 35/12 35/2 35/6 34/14 Tata (Defd.) 2010 15 5 10 1990 2005 1980 95 82/8 2015 7/8 12/8 1997/8 90 75 80 Tata (Ord.) 893 91 93/8 90 91/8 8-90 88 94 88 88/8 Tata (IInd Pref.) 165

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 580 600 A. C. C. (Old) 176 75/8 76/8 74/8 75 74 74/8 74 A. C. C. (New) 57 55 56 Belapur 269 68 70 69 B. B. (Old) 480 83/12 80 85 82/8 86/4 82/8 83/12 81/4 B. B. (New) 166/4 68/12 66/4 70 67/8 70 67/8 68/12 B. B. Petrol 4/2 4/4 4/3 I. Bleaching 49/8 52 I. I. Trust 103/8 103 Port Canning 75/8 76/8 76 P. Construction 202 200 201 199 202 1 5 1 2 Shivrajpur 37/8 39 38 Tata Chemical 14 13/12 14/4 14/2 14/4 Tata Oil 78 77/8 78 76/4 Wimco 267/8 75 72/8 75 Central Bank Coupon 23 23/8 23 Kohinoor Coupon 68 70 68

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, June 13.

The local cotton market opened steady at Rs. 447 for September delivery against last closing at Rs. 446/12. There was routime business and under scattered selling September delivery declined annas twelve from the opening level and was quoted at Rs. 446/4. At this level there was mild support and the market steadied at Rs. 446/12. The market is awaiting the result of the recent export offers but buyers seem cautious.

There was mixed trading and under scattered selling September was quoted at Rs. 446/4 while July business was done at Rs. 436.

The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. July	436	2	0
I.C.C. September	446	4	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1365 cent points below New York September at Exchange rate 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 12.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
July	439	437	438
Sept.	448-1/2	447	447-3/4

Karachi 4F

July	48/2/6	47/1/6	48/1/6

Bombay, June 12.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
July	439	436-1/2	437-1/4
Sept	448-3/4	446	446-3/4

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 12.

July	35.90—19
October	30.90—20
October Highest	31.17+07
October Lowest	30.90—20
December	29.75—24
January	29.19—34
March	29.08—12
May	28.60—05
Middling Spot	38.04—29

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, June 12.

July	35.71—23
October	30.87—12
December	29.73—16
March	29.01—08
May	28.53—05
Middling Spot	37.15—10

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, June 13.

Tata Ordinary 388/8; Tata Deferred 1980; Indian Iron 34/14; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 28/12; Bombay Dyeing 1092/8; Central India 306/14; Gokak 318/2; Kohinoor 628/12; Simplex 346; Swadeshi 633/12; Tata Power 1660; Associated Cement 174; Belapur 268/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 481/4; Scindia 32/6; Central Bank 98/12; New India 83/2; Tata 2nd Pref. 165.

Realising And Hedging In New York Cotton Market

FUTURES 34 TO 5 POINTS DOWN

NEW YORK, June 12, (U.P.A.): Less active trading and irregular prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange. Realizing plus hedge selling brought a sharp reversal after July touched a new high of 36.20, but speculative replacement demand and trade support were forthcoming in all recessions. The setback was regarded as a natural technical development after a climb up of nearly eleven dollars per bale for July since June first. Sellers were still wary in pressing offerings and local professionals who were still feeling for the top, quickly retired whenever the price hardened. The earlier firmness was due to indications of inflationary sentiment, gathering more adherents encouraged by a further sharp rise in meat, butter and other food items as well as the steady overtone of securities. A big spot firm was relatively inactive today selling limited quantities in July at 500 points over October and against purchases in the New Orleans market. Open contracts in July were reduced by 37,000 bales overnight to 437,200 bales. The approaching first notice day on June 24th and the tightening spot situation in the South are expected to keep July in a tight position for the next week or ten days.

DEMAND FOR CLOTH

The expanding demand for print cloth and yarn fabrics for domestic export outlets and reports that mills were now finding difficulty in locating the desired qualities of cotton in the South afforded additional bolstering influences to the market. At the high today, July contracts were only about 115 points under the Houston basis for middling 15/16ths compared with 180 points which prevailed when May delivery expired. While the crop news is regarded to be on the favourable side with some quarters making preliminary predictions of 12,000,000 to 13,000,000 bales, more frequent mention of weevil infestation in the central belt and flood conditions in the upper Mississippi river were causing some uneasiness. The situation is still not considered serious, but traders are watching it closely as the market is getting nearer to the season's crop scares. Mississippi and South Carolina reports indicate heavier weevil infestation.

URGENT DEMAND

Some traders are of the opinion that the October position will shortly begin to show more strength and that the October-December difference will widen. That viewpoint is based on the theory that there will be urgent demand for early new crop receipts from domestic mills just at a time when a large scale purchase may be under way for shipment to Japan and Germany.

MAY CONSUMPTION

The New York Cotton Exchange estimated the consumption of all cotton in the U.S. in May at 815,000 bales against 883,000 bales in April and 871,000 bales in May last year. Despite the indicated reduction, traders felt the showing was reasonably good in view of seasonal conditions and recent reports of mill curtailment in some areas. A leading spot firm believes that the market will show continued strength as the new season approaches and with new crops priced so far below the spot cotton, said buyers will be attracted as the first notice day in July nears. Another firm told its clients that "until the July position is more completely liquidated, we can anticipate periods of market strength but it is very risky to follow upturns in new crop deliveries".

INDIA MAINTAINS HIGH PLACE IN AUSTRALIAN TRADE

Releasing the latest figures of the Australian Government Statistician on trade between India and Australia, the Senior Australian Government Trade Commissioner in India, Mr. H. R. Gollan, said in Bombay that India was maintaining her position as the third most important supplier of goods to Australia.

Mr. Gollan said that official figures were now available for the first ten months of the current financial year. These showed an astounding increase over the same ten months' period ended April 1939.

During the ten month period ended April 1939, India was seventh in importance as supplier of goods to Australia with a total of £ Stg. 2,388,000 (Rs. 31,840,000) For the same period ended April this year India sold goods to Australia worth £ Stg. 12,170,000 (Rs. 162,266,666) and was exceeded only by the United Kingdom (£ Stg. 55 m.) and U. S. A. (£ Stg. 25 m.) in Australian import trade.

The increase in India's sales to Australia on the basis of this comparison amounted to 409.75 per cent.

AUSTRALIAN EXPORTS TO INDIA

As an export market for Australian goods, India has moved from ninth place for the ten months ended April 1939 to sixth place this year.

Australian sales to India in the 1939 period were £ Stg. 1,259,200 (Rs. 16,789,333) compared with £ Stg. 8,857,600 (Rs. 118,101,333) for the ten months ended April 1947. This was an increase of 603.60 per cent.

During this year's ten month period, India received twice as much Australian wheat as any other country and about 60 per cent. of the total wheat exports from Australia. Shipments totalling 6,447,812, bushels valued at £ Stg. 28,08,000 (Rs. 3 1/2 crores) were made. For the same period of 1946 India received 5,010,290 bushels of Australian wheat which was nearly 90 per cent of total Australian wheat exports in that year.

LONDON BULLION

London, June 12.

Silver Spot	43 d
Silver Forward	43 d
Gold	£8/12/3

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 12.

July	2.14-1/2
September	2.12-1/2 to 2.12-3/4
December	2.11-1/4 to 2.11-1/2
May	2.09

LONDON WHEAT

London, June 12.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B.	103 June/July quoted

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 13.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/16 10th-12th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/16 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 3/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/8 7th-9th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 1/8 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 5/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 3/16 7th and 9th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/8 5/32 to 4th months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/8 3/16 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/8 7/32 7th and 9th Months.

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES.

B.C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T. T Rs. 330.

Banks Buying D. D N. Y. Rs. 329.

Montreal Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2 not under L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Pcs. 8550

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Pcs 8650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl 79.

Java Banks Selling T T D D nil.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157

Burma Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 100 1/2

New York/London Cross Rate Gol 4.02 11/16 to 4.02 13/16.

London Discts. 3 mos. 17/32%.

London Discts 6 mos. 9/16-5/8%.

Reserve Bank Rate 3% Bank of England Rate 2%.

Money:—Call 1/4 p.c, 3 Months 1/2 p.c, 6 Months 3/4 p.c. 12 Months 1-1/4 per cent.

Tone: Easy.

Question Of Ceiling And Floor Cotton Prices Referred To C. P. B.

The Textile Commissioner has issued the following Press Note:—

Numerous enquiries are being received by Government regarding their cotton policy for the season 1947/48. Government have referred the question of floor and ceiling prices for raw cotton for the season 1947/48 to the Commodity Prices Board. As soon as the Board's recommendations are received, Government will announce their decision regarding cotton prices and the opening of new crop trading.

LONDON SILVER INACTIVE

LONDON, June 12. (UPA): Trading was inactive during today's session of the London silver market. The price of silver remained unchanged. Spot was quoted at 43 pence per ounce and two months forward was also quoted at the same figure.

WALL STREET MARKET IRREGULAR

NEW YORK, June 12.

Stocks: Gains of fractions to two points were recorded at the outset as the market extended recovery in fairly active trading, helped by overnight accumulation of buying orders. However, numerous pivotals faltered and developed reactionary tendencies when increased profit-taking was attracted as industrials continued to improve. Towards noon the market quietened to show on balance advances of up to one point or more with the best support for oils, rails, buildings, chemicals, wetstocks and aviations. The averages were industrial 174.56 and rails 46.00. Apparently attained for the moment with the results achieved in the current recovery movement, buyers paused, but the best that sellers could do was to promote mild irregularity. The market showed mixed changes up to one point over Wednesday's prices with gains still predominating and trading slow. Some analysts say that all things being equal a further rise seems likely over the next few weeks subject to an occasional technical correction. However, having advanced about 11 points over the 1947 low level the industrial average may prove temporarily sensitive to a possible Truman veto of the tax bill. A slight increase of pressure in late dealings found best response from industrials, notably steels, motors, rubbers, containers, aviations and electric manufacturing and this caused the composite average rate to show a small loss. The market closed irregular.

American Telephone & Telegraph (Ex. Div)	157-3/4
American Holding Co.	28
Anaconda Copper Mining	34-1/8
Chase National Bank	34-1/2
Sinclair Oil	18-1/4
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	44
General Electric Co.	34-7/8
General Motors	56-5/8
Ingersoll Rand	110
International Nickel	30-5/8
National City Bank of New York	30-1/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.	13-5/8
Socoony Vacuum Corporation	15-5/8
Texas Corporation	62-5/8
Union Carbon and Carbide	103-3/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	42
U. S. Steel Corporation (Common)	66-1/2

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on June 6:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5 62,50 000
Reserve Fund	6,17,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	268,95,39,000
Sundries	1,82,71,000
Total Rs.	280,58,16,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS — Government Securities	165,80 40,000
Other Authorised Investments	5,46,01,000
ADVANCES:— Loans	18,55 26,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	47,08,46,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	6,62,26,000
Dead Stock	1 54,26,000
Sundries	1,84,71,000
CASH:— In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India and with the Central Treasury in Rangoon	54,83,26,000
Balances with other Banks	2,02,46,000
Total Rs.	280,58,16,000

FLY

AMBICA AIR LINES

BOMBAY—BARODA—AHMEDABAD

TUESDAY & FRIDAY

Return

WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY

BOMBAY—RAJKOT MORVI

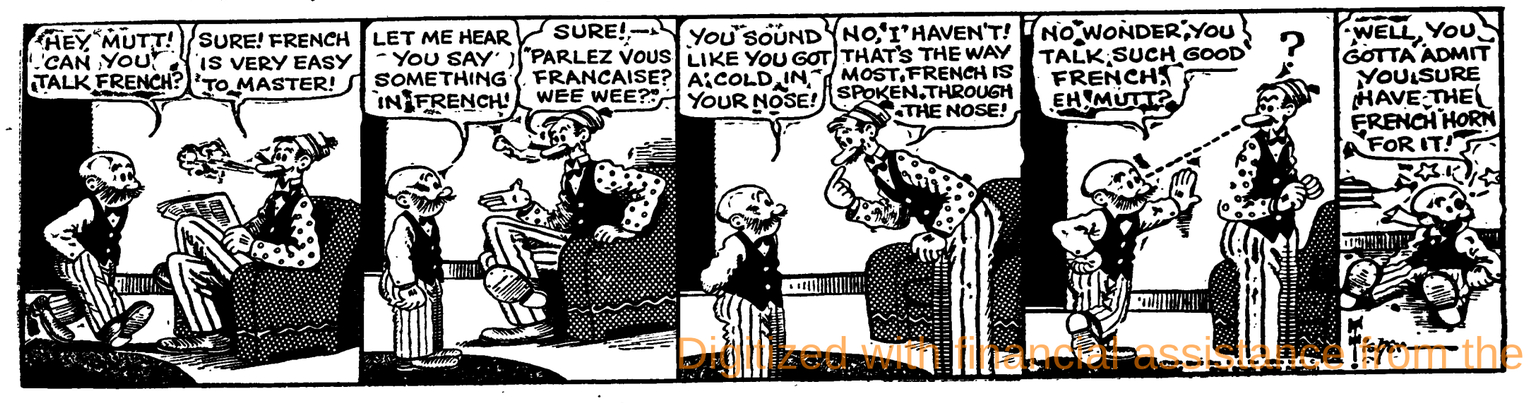
MONDAY, THURSDAY & SATURDAY.

CITY BOOKING OFFICE: N. M. Wadia Building, Bell Lane, Fort Bombay.

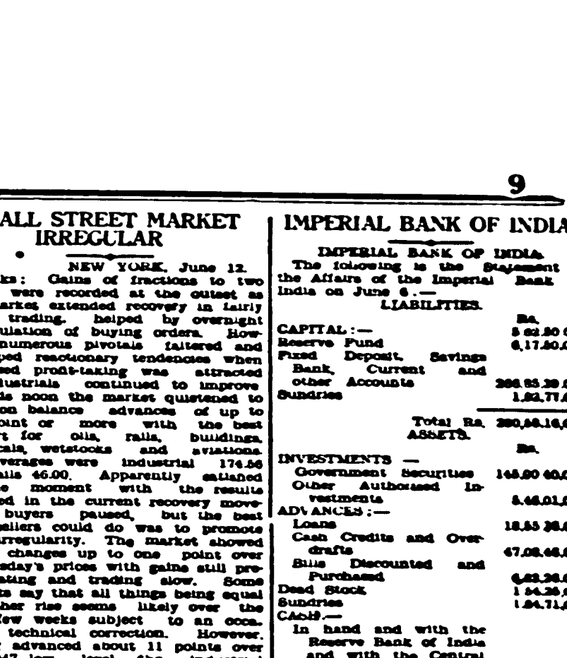
Phone: 34863

Juhu Aerodrome: 86358.

MUTT AND JEFF—My Goodness Haven't You People Ever Heard Of A French Horn — By BUD FISHER


HEY MUTT! CAN YOU TALK FRENCH?
SURE! FRENCH IS VERY EASY TO MASTER!
LET ME HEAR YOU SAY SOMETHING IN FRENCH!
SURE! "PARLEZ VOUS FRANCAISE? WEE WEE?"
YOU SOUND LIKE YOU GOT A COLD IN YOUR NOSE!
NO, I'HAVEN'T! THAT'S THE WAY MOST FRENCH IS SPOKEN, THROUGH THE NOSE!
NO WONDER YOU TALK SUCH GOOD FRENCH, EH MUTT?
?
WELL, YOU GOTTA ADMIT YOU SURE HAVE THE FRENCH HORN FOR IT!

IN 44 WAYS THIS CURATIVE ANTISEPTIC BRINGS RELIEF AND RAPID HEALING



WHEN there's infection, pain or inflammation, or clean, quick healing is needed, thousands of men and women today have come to rely upon T.C.P. For T.C.P. is much more than just an antiseptic. True, it quickly destroys disease germs. But it also relieves pain or skin irritation. It soon reduces inflammation and swelling. It actually speeds up healing. And these are just the curative properties needed in no less than 44 everyday hurts, ailments and skin troubles. What is more, T.C.P. is so completely safe and beneficial that you can use it on any part of the body, including the eyes, and even take it internally when necessary.

So why be content with an ordinary antiseptic? You can now get T.C.P. from most Chemists and Stores, with full directions for its 44 uses.

T.C.P.

THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC WITH EXTRA CURATIVE PROPERTIES

R/47/14

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED

Chairman: G. D. Birla

Subscribed Capital Rs. 4 Crores

Paid-up Capital Rs. 2 Crores

Reserve Fund Rs. 30 Lakhs

General Manager: B. T. THAKUR

BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA

AGENCIES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Bombay Offices:

Petit Building, Bombay Road, Fort. Near Cotton Exchange, Kalbadevi. Sonawala Building, Zaveri Bazar.

Regional Manager: O. H. GHEEWALA

Fort Office Phone Nos: 24362 & 27174

U 21

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

LOST & FOUND

Lost Persian Passport between Gowalia Tank and Fort. Finder contact Persian Consulate. (6186)

MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted a modern young girl, educated, with plenty of looks and charm, knowing music and dancing, for a handsome regular Sikh Captain (24) from a highly respectable family. Caste, religion and dowry no bar. Only high families need apply. Box No. 6164, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a suitable match for the re-marriage of a very beautiful young Muslim girl of 20 years, with white complexion, belonging to a respectable educated family. She is a decent up-to-date girl, well versed in all domestic works. She is divorced of which details to be stated in correspondence. None need apply who are not Sunni Muslims, or who already have a wife. Preference to a resident of U. P. Apply with particulars and photo to Box No. 6183, "Bombay Chronicle." (6183)

Gujarathi Brahmin, Govt. Servant Widower. No encumbrances. Age 35, well settled in life, invites correspondence for Marriage, from Virgins, Widows, No caste restriction. Write Post Box 3505, Bombay. (6187)

Wanted a Non-Kaundinya Brahacharanam bridegroom of 27-30 for an accomplished girl of 21. Write enclosing horoscope and other details to Box No. 6195, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Teachers for Matric Sanskrit and English New Edu. High School, Chawpaty, Bombay. 6192

Wanted efficient Lino Operators. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 200A "The Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a qualified Engineer, experienced in running an Oil Mill. Also experienced Fitters and Mechanics to work at Sangli. Apply with certificates to M/s Near East Trading Co. (India), 32, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. (6200)

Wanted immediately Salesmen on attractive terms. Apply personally to Ramchandar, Room 4. Hotel 5 C 27, Causeway Road, Bombay 1. (6189)

Wanted:—One hundred young educated men to join the all India Organisation scheme of an Old established Life Office as Life members and in Officers post. Good footing with the prosperity of the Company. Box No. 6159 "Bombay Chronicle."

Required intelligent young man for general indoor, outdoor work in a manufacturing business concern in Bombay. Beginners no objection. Apply P.B. 683, Bombay. (6171)

Wanted Banking experienced Clerks, Cashiers, Inspectors and Managers. Pay according to qualifications. Apply to: Chairman, Jwala Bank, Ltd., Borivli, B. B. C. I. Rly. (3991)

Wanted a male Stenographer for our Head Office at Mahomedali Road. Apply in person with testimonials etc. to the Staff Officer, Habib Bank Ltd., Mahomedali Rd., Bombay 3. (3986)

Wanted a Science Graduate Teacher to teach Science in Matric and Pre-Matric Classes. Apply Principal, Premier High School, Ranade Road Extension, Dadar, (B. B.) (6156)

Wanted Graduates, Undergraduates and Matrics, strong in English, Sanskrit and Persian. Pay according to qualifications with D.A. and P.F. Apply soon, stating terms, to the President, L.C. Sheth High School, Hansot, (Dist. Broach). (3917)

Applications are invited for the post of Principal, Islamia College, Peshawar, in the grade of Rs. 1,000-50-1,500. Free house provided on the premises and liberal Provident Fund on confirmation. Persons with high academic qualifications, teaching experience in a recognised institution for at least ten years, capacity for organising and administering a residential institution and with established reputation need only apply. Applications stating age, nationality, academic qualifications, extra curricular activities, experience etc., with attested copies of testimonials should reach the Chairman, Council of Management, Islamia College Peshawar, before the 6th July, 1947. Selected candidate will have to join by the beginning of October, 1947. (3937)

Required two experienced Clerks and one good Steno-Typist of either sex. Apply with credentials to Box No. 6166, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Correspondents in chief cities and important towns for reporting of commercial news for a press agency write to Press of Commerce, 7, Canning St., Calcutta. 3966

Wanted Graduate or Undergraduate Teachers of either sex, able to handle English, Sanskrit, French, Gujarati and History. Geography also Drill and Drawing Teachers. Trained or qualified preferred. Apply personally or write to Principal, Matunga Premier School, Matunga, G.I.P. (6151)

Globe Employment Bureau, Agra. Promptly arranges employments of every nature in India and abroad. Apply stating qualifications. 6198

SOCIAL

Pen, personal friends introduced for social contact, arts, hobbies business. India, abroad. Prospectus free. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. (5731)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

G. I. P. RAILWAY
AUCTION NOTICE.

USED GUNNY BAGS, Tea and Soap wooden cases etc., will be auctioned at 10-00 A.M. on the 16th June, 1947 at Thana grainshop and at 3-00 P.M. on the same date at Kalyan grainshop (near the Loco Shed.) Stocks may be inspected at site on any working day. Conditions governing auction will be available at the office of the Deputy General Manager (Grainshops), Bombay, V. T. 3919

PERSONAL ADLETS

The readers of this paper may kindly supply their full names and addresses to:— Bhogilal Hiralal Shah and Company, Post Box Number — 713— Bombay. 1.

You'll Enjoy This Mouthwash: Keep your mouth fresh and your throat protected against infection. Dettolin, containing the active germicidal principle of Dettol, is nice to taste and refreshing to use. Obtainable at all good Chemists and Stores. 3476

HOTELS (IN HILL STATION)

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms available with Baths. Terms Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. (5055)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Respectable Agents throughout India to secure orders for Nipani Tobacco. Apply:—K. B. Ghatage Tobacco Commission Agency, Prop. V. K. Ghatage, B.Sc. Nipani (Belgaum). 1412

BUSINESS WANTED

Motor Transport wishes to accept contracts. Apply Jefs and Co., 126, E. Main Road, Dadar. (6184)

We undertake Electroplating Work in Chromium, Nickel, copper, galvanize, silver and gold. Quality work, prompt service and competitive rates: Metals Limited, 44, Nesbit Road, near Mazagaon Police Station, Bombay, Telephone C/o 40196. (6201)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Huge Stock of Candy Stores on reduction sale special price for wholesalers. Apply personally for samples and price list to Ramchandar, Room No. 4, Hotel 5c 27, Causeway Road, Bombay, 1. Tele. 36051. (6190)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for New Session commenced 9th June for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Bank Officers (C.A.I.I.B.), Company Secretaries (F.C.C.S.), Accountants (R.A., A.A.I.A.) and General Commerce (L.C.C. and D. Com. I.M.C.) etc. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (6179)

Hurry up! Failed Matriculates, if strong in English, may appear at Cambridge School Certificate Examination (December) or London Chamber of Commerce Examinations. Many optional subjects. Oral/postal training, evening classes. Apply immediately for Prospectus stating course required; Bombay Tutorial College, opposite Jermahal, Dhobitalao. 6073

Students' Home: Hostel for College Students; expert guidance; monthly charges Rupees 60-70; coaching arranged; details, against six annas stamps, from Students' Home, Santacruz. (6167)

Homoeopathy. Easily learnt by Post. For Particulars See Grace Mission's Display Advt. on page 2 this issue. (197)

Limited Seats at Master's Tuition Classes for School subjects, Palmistry Astrology and book-keeping 100 p.c. results in 1947. Apply Prof. N.A. Vyas, 78, Bazar Gate, Street, Fort. 6194

Incorporated Association of Cost Accountants, International Corporation of Secretaries. Specialised training offered for these lucrative professional examinations. Alexandra Commercial College, Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road. 3754

MOTOR-DRIVING

"Motor-Driving"??? taught within two-weeks time to gents and ladies (Success guaranteed), by Specialist (Terms—Modtrate) Apply sharp:—Box No. 6178 "Bombay Chronicle."

MEDICAL ADLETS

Inter-Science & B.Sc. Students with keenness and aptitude for Medical line are advised to enquire of Ayurveda Vidyalaya (Medical College) Jamnagar (Kathiawar). (3987)

Hydrocele expert of K. Eduljl's (Calcutta) for short period at Cyrus Hotel, Room No. 1 Khetwadi Back Road (Charni Road) 10 to 5 p.m. 200 testimonials including Surgeons' cured. Safe painless cure. No confinement. Unrelapsed 20 years after treatment. 6197

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

For sale—two Bunglows on Carter Road, Bandra. Apply Box No. 6180, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180/-. Fluorescent tubes and reflectors. Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts, C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle".

Cinema Stories to be sold "Our Netaji" (to be produced in English), "Matrubhumi" (Bhagatsingh and Gangers), to be produced (in Hindi), "Vir Savarkar" to be produced (in Marathi). Direction rights are reserved by the Author. Please contact: Balasaheb Sudumbrekar, 6, Sumati Bhuwan, Dahisar, Post Borivali. (6185)

PUBLIC NOTICES

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 76414 in respect of Five Ordinary Shares Nos. 588792 to 588796 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. standing in the names of Mr. Ratansha Sorabji Surti and Mrs. Baimai Ratansha Surti has been LOST, MISLAID or DESTROYED. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Post Box No. 192, Bombay No. 1 within one month from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate share Certificate will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

(Sd.) R. S. SURTI
BAIMAI R. SURTI.
(6143)

CENTRAL MERCANTILE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the CENTRAL MERCANTILE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. Bombay, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 10, Churchgate Street, Bombay on MONDAY, the 30th June, 1947, at 4 P. M. (S. T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Report of the Directors and Audited Revenue Account and Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December 1946.
(2) To elect two Directors in place of those who retire and are eligible for re-election.
(3) To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
(4) To transact such other business as may be brought forward with the permission of the Chairman.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 21st June, 1947 to 9th July, 1947, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.
BALKRISHNA M. SHAH,
Managing Director.
(3998)

NOTICE.

SCHOLARSHIPS IN TECHNICAL CHEMISTRY.
No. Tech. 25.

APPLICATIONS are invited for two Government scholarships for research work in Technical Chemistry.

2. Only BONAFIDE residents of the Bombay Province are eligible.

3. The scholarships will be tenable for one year in India preferably in the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, or the Industrial Chemist's Laboratory under the Department of Industries, Bombay in the first instance; they will be renewable for a further period of one year if the work done is approved and if the conduct of the holder is satisfactory. If the scholarship is resigned in either year the scholar will be liable to refund all payments already made to him during that year.

4. Applications are specially invited from B.Scs. with Chemistry as their principal subject. Applications from those who are adequately grounded in Chemistry, Physics, and some Mathematics, and who are capable of doing useful technical investigations, will also be considered.

5. Preference will be given to candidates who have had industrial experience or who have prospects of industrial employment on the termination of their scholarships. Candidates without industrial experience should not be more than 23 years of age and 24 in the case of non-Brahmins; candidates with approved industrial experience should not be more than 26 years of age.

6. Candidates are required to specify the institution which they desire to join and the nature of the research work they propose to do or the special type of additional training which is desired. The final selection of the institution at which the selected scholar will be allowed to work will be made by the Director of Industries.

7. The scholarships will be of the value of Rs. 60 per mensem for the first year. and up to Rs. 70/- p. m. for the 2nd year. In special cases scholars will be eligible for grants for the purchase of special apparatus, etc.

8. Candidates should send in with their application a statement of their college career and recommendations from two persons under whom they have studied. Only true copies of certificates should be sent.

9. Selected candidates will be required to come to Bombay for personal interview at their own expense.

10. Applications must be made in the prescribed form which may be obtained from the office of the Director of Industries, and must reach the Director by the 25th June 1947 at the latest.

M. P. KANGA,
Director of Industries,
Bombay.
Office of the Director of Industries,
Old Custom House, Yard,
Bombay, 10th June, 1947.
(3961)

ROYAL WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB, LTD.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Indian Nationals for the position of Starter & Clerk of the Course to the Royal Western India Turf Club, Ltd Only candidates possessing racing experience and knowledge need apply.

Applications stating age, qualifications and salary expected should reach the Secretary, Royal Western India Turf Club, Ltd., Poona, by the 15th July, 1947. 3933

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANIES, LTD.,
LOSS OF SHARE CERTIFICATES AND ALLOTMENT LETTERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Share Certificates and The Allotment Letters of THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COS. LTD., specified in the Schedule hereunder and standing in the names of the parties mentioned therein have been LOST or MISLAID and the undersigned have applied to the Company to issue Duplicate Certificates for the Shares and to deliver the Certificates for the Shares covered by the missing Allotment Letters:—

Allotment No.	Letter. Date.	Shareholder's name & Address.	No. of Shares.	Distinctive Nos. of Shares.
17223	16-4-1946	Sorabji Ratanji Dadina of Bombay.	1	N 1051768
8070	22-1-1946	Mrs. Meherbai Merwanji Khambatta and Mrs. Freny Gustadji Anklesaria of Alote.	2	N 856043 and N 856044
3379	22-1-1946	Esoof Ebrahim Ismail Dawoodjee of Rangoon.	5	N 774458 to N 774462
9738	22-1-1946	Mussammat Putli W/o Seth Sat Narain Gurwala of Delhi.	1	N 885144
CERTIFICATES NOS.				
83094		-Do-	2	575460 & 575461
107667,15329 & 129127		Esoof Ebrahim Ismail Dawoodjee of Rangoon.	11	322656 to 322660, 76557 to 76561 & 580652
104374 & 104375		Mrs. Winifred Hilda Green (Decd.) of Santa Cruz.	2	704307 & 704308
6039 to 6041, 48670 to 48673 and 35008.		Major Dattatraya Manjunath Gangolli of Bombay.	40	30107 to 30121 379995 to 380014 and 258347 to 258351
107308		Maganlal Walji Bavlecha of Rajkot.	5	320861 to 320865
12335 & 12336		Shree Shakti Mills, Ltd. of Bombay.	10	61587 to 61596
21067 & 104305		Vrijlal Muljibhai Talati of Baroda.	5	138539 to 138542 and 704238
N 72998		Miss Mehroo Edalji Panthaky & Mrs. Dosibai Edalji Panthaky of Bombay.	2	N 1048570 & N 1048571

Any person(s) in possession of the said Share Certificate(s) and or Allotment Letter(s) and or having any claim to any of the said Shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office at No. 1, Queen's Road, (Opp. Churchgate Railway Station), Fort, Bombay, WITHIN ONE MONTH from the date hereof after which period no claim will be considered and the Directors will proceed to deal with the said application(s) for the issue of Duplicate Share Certificates or to deliver the Share Certificates against Missing Allotmentment Letters, if they think fit.

Dated this 14th day of June, 1947.

Sorabji Ratanji Dadina.
Mrs. Meherbai M. Khambatta & Mrs. Freny G. Anglesaria
Esoof Ebrahim Ismail Dawoodjee.
Putli
Mehroo E. Panthaky, & Dosibai E. Panthaky.

H. C. A. Green,
& others to the estate of the late Mrs. W. H. Green
D. M. Gangolli.
Maganlal Walji Bavlecha.
V. M. Talathi.
For Shree Shakti Mills, Ltd.,

Signatures of Shareholders.

NOTICE

SCHOLARSHIP IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.
No. Tech. 24.

APPLICATIONS are invited for one Government Scholarship in Electrical Engineering

2. Only bona fide residents of the Bombay Province are eligible.

3. The scholarship will be tenable for one year in India. If the scholarship is resigned during the year the scholar will be liable to refund all payments already made to him during the year.

4. Applications will be received from candidates who are bona fide residents of the Bombay Province and who are holders of the degree of B.E. (Mech.) or of B.E. (Elec.) of the Bombay University or the Diploma of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute Bombay, or of the degrees or diplomas from other colleges or institutions which provide courses equivalent to or higher than those at the institutions mentioned above.

5. Preference will be given to candidates who have had practical experience in workshops and who have prospects of industrial employment on the termination of the scholarship. Candidates without workshop experience should not be more than 23 years of age; those with not less than two years' approved industrial or electrical experience should not be more than 26 years of age.

6. The scholarship will be tenable for practical training in Electrical Engineering either at the workshops of the G.I.P Railway, the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company Limited or of Messrs. Tata Sons Limited It will be of the value of Rs. 75 per mensem inclusive of stipends payable by the firms, if any

The scholars who wish to join the Workshops of the G.I.P Railway and the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company Limited will have to pay a premium of Rs. 100 in advance to the Railway Company and the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company Limited, which will be paid by this Department from the scholarship stipends after the scholar is selected. This advance will be deducted in four equal monthly instalments of Rs. 25 each from the first four monthly stipends payable to the scholars. They will be required to conform to the rules and regulations of the Railway, the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company Limited and of Messrs. Tata Sons Limited, like other regular employees.

7. Candidates should send in with their application a statement of their college career and recommendations from two persons under whom they have studied. Only true copies of certificates would be sent.

8. Selected candidates will be required to come to Bombay for personal interview at their own expense.

9. Applications must be made in the prescribed form which may be obtained from the office of the Director of Industries and must reach the Director by the 25th June, 1947 at the latest.

M. P. KANGA,
Director of Industries, Bombay.
Office of the Director of Industries
Old Custom House Yard,
Bombay, 10th June, 1947. 3962

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A. M. Property of M. Turner Esqr. and others at Chowpatty Sea Face near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture. Austrian and others safe, steelalmirah. Rem. standard and port type writer, dining, writing and dressing table, chairs, side board, show case, chesterfield, almirah bed Elec. table fan, glassware, etc. (sales tax) T. 40213.

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.
BOMBAY-MADRAS AIR CONDITIONED SERVICE.

THE PUBLIC are informed that the air-conditioned service between Bombay and Madras on 35 Down and 36 Up Madras Express trains has been temporarily disorganised. Passengers who have already reserved their accommodation or desire to reserve their accommodation in the air-conditioned service are requested to make enquiries from the Station Superintendent Victoria Terminus as to the dates on which air-conditioned accommodation will be available. (3999)

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

ADDITIONAL MOTIONS to the following effect of which notices have been received will be placed before the ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING OF THE CORPORATION called for MONDAY, the 16th, June, 1947, at 3 P. M. (Bombay Time):—

147. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—For obtaining a report from the Commissioner about the nuisance caused by waste water from the Naaz Restaurant at the Malabar Hill Gardens, etc.

148. From Mr. M. N. Talpade—For amending the Municipal Service Regulations so as to give to the Municipal employees benefit of retiring at the age of 58 years as recommended in the Lokur Pay Commission's Report.

149. From Dr. Homi F Pavri—For requesting the authorities of the B. B. & C. I. Railway to repair the roofs of the foot overbridges at Grant Road.

150. From Mr. B. N. Maheshwari—For requesting the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee to expedite their report on the question of requiring the landlords to have printed on the rent receipts their correct names and addresses, etc.

151. From Mr. R. K. Tatnis—For obtaining a report from the Schools Committee regarding appointment to the post of Assistant to the Secretary of the Committee.

152. From Mr. Devji Rattansey—For obtaining a report from the Commissioner on the desirability of reducing the maximum licence fee levied on cotton rouse and waste, cotton seeds and oil-seeds.

By Order of
His Worship the Mayor
B. V. MODY,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 12th June, 1947.

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES B. B. & C. I. Rly Jacob Circle, Bombay No. 11 invites tenders returnable on 23rd June 1947 for the supply of 7 tons of Paint Moist (stiff ground in oil) white lead to Railway Specification No. BB. 23 for Pigment only. Copy of the tender can be had on application. Tenderers not on any of the Railway's approved list of tenderers must quote Banker's guarantee. 3992

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY

THE CHIEF ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders upto 15-00 hours on Monday 7th July 1947 for Reconditioning of M. S. Distance pieces by welding and machining etc. The Form of Tender Schedule and conditions of Contract can be obtained from the office of the Chief Engineer G.I.P. Railway, Victoria, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 2/- per set which sum will not be refunded

Tenders will be opened at 15-10 hours on Monday 7th July, 1947. 3993

WANTED

WANTED qualified Muslim Doctors, Nurses, Compounders, Male and Female attendants for pilgrim ships. Good Salary and free messing. Apply sharp with qualification, experience, etc. to:

THE HAJ LINE,
The Scindia Steam Nav. Co. Ltd.
Ballard Estate,
Bombay
3994

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Visiting Lecturer in Photography in the Commercial Art Section of the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, for the Session 1947-48 on an honorarium of Rs. 10/- per visit. The applicants for the post should possess a good general education and practical experience of the subject in lecturing and demonstration.

Applicants should state their full name, address, age and qualifications Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the Director, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay not later than 21st June 1947. 3990

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts in the Office of the Labour Court, Bombay, to be constituted under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946.—

(1) Clerk of the Court Rs. 80-5/2-95 (2) 1 Stenographer Rs. 60-5/2-75 plus shorthand allowance; (3) 1 Typist, 1 Junior clerk and 1 Despatch clerk on Rs. 25-5/2-55. The posts are temporary for a period of one year but are likely to be continued and made permanent. The incumbents will be eligible for compensatory local allowance admissible in Bombay plus temporary additional pay and dearness allowance at sanctioned rates Minimum qualification is Matriculation. Age Limit-Above 18 and below 25 years. Other qualifications etc. being equal, preference will be given to persons with war service. Applications should be sent to the Deputy Secretary to Government, Political and Services Deparment, Secretariat, Bombay, so as to reach him before 20th June, 1947 3994

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.
WANTED A LADY ASSISTANT SURGEON.

APPLICATIONS from candidates who are natives of, or domiciled in Assam, will be received by the Superintendent, office of the Assam Public Service Commission, Shillong on or before the 11th July, 1947 for a permanent post of Lady Assistant Surgeon in the Assam Medical Service (Senior) on Rs. 150-400/- p. m. plus dearness allowance etc.

Candidates must at least possess M.B. or equivalent degree of any recognised university and should not be under 24 or over 29 years of age on the 1st January, 1947.

Candidates should state in their applications (with copies of certificates), community, Registration Number, Home District, Age on the 1st January, 1947, Educational Qualifications, Previous Experience and present occupation, if any.

An application fee of Rs. 10,- should be credited into the Treasury under the Head "XXXVI—Miscellaneous Departments Examination Fees—Receipts of the Assam Public Service Commission and copy of chalan attached to application.

Government servants should apply through proper channel. Candidates who have served in the Armed Forces must apply through the Deputy Director of Resettlement and Employment, Assam, Shillong or Employment Exchanges according to where they have registered their names. (3995)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 P. M. on 23-6-1947 for the work of "Parel-Proposed extension of and improvements in the office of Fitting Shop, Wheel Shop and Inspection of Manufacture Foreman." The tender form and conditions of contract can be obtained from the office of the Undersigned on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Drgs. for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- being made. These sums will not be refunded. (3988)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the Purchases of Waste (Hard and Soft) from the India United Mills Ltd., No 5 Mill and will be accepted upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) on Thursday the 19th June, 1947, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E.D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay 3989

NOTICE TO COMMON JURORS.

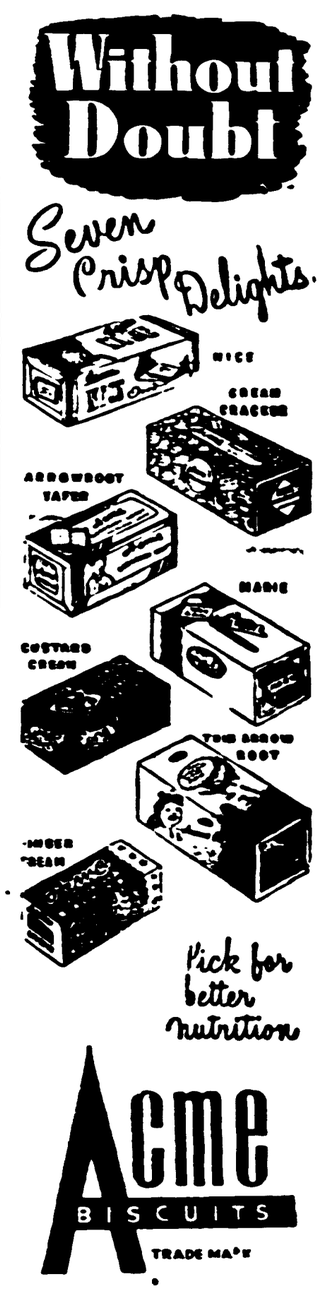
MEMBERS of the Common Jury summoned for the current criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, on 1st floor, Room No. 37, on MONDAY, the 16th June, 1947, at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.).

MITHAN J. LAM,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 13th June, 1947. 3997

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of Signal Lamps, Torches, Whistles, Bolts, Filters, Batteries of Motor Car, Waterproof and Woollen Coats, Cervel-Oliver Typewriters, Hose Canvas and Rubber pipes, Drums, Kegs, wood scrap, Boiler Drums, Wooden Casks, Crossing Timber, Standard Line Sleepers, etc. on Thursday, 19th inst at 11 A.M (S.T.) at Controller of Stores Yard, Mazagon, by order of the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, Bombay.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.
GANDHI & CO.



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MODINAGAR, U.P.

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